The Tamil Nadu Private Forests (Assumption of Management) Act, 1961

Act 55 of 1961

Keyword(s):
Forest, Forest Produce, Private Forest


[Received the assent of the President on the 10th March 1962. First published in the Fort St. George Gazette on the 21st March 1962 (Phalguna 30, 1883).]

An Act to Provide for the taking over of the Management of Private Forests in Certain Areas in the [State of Tamil Nadu].

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the taking over by the Government, for a limited period, of the management of private forests in certain areas in the [State of Tamil Nadu] in the public interest or in order to secure proper management of such forests;

Be it enacted in the Twelfth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the [Tamil Nadu] Private Forests (Assumption of Management) Act, 1961.

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1 These words were substituted for the word "Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order, 1969.

2 For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 22nd November 1961, Part IV-Section 3, page 589.

3 This expression was substituted for the expression "State of Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order, 1969.

* By virtue of section 62 of the Gudalur Jannam Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Act, 1969 (Tamil Nadu Act 24 of 1969), with effect on and from the date appointed by the Government under sub-section (4) of section 1 of the said Act, (Tamil Nadu Act 55 of 1961) shall cease to apply to forests which have vested in the Government under section 3 of the former Act.
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(2) It applies to private forests situated in the Gudalur and Ootacamund taluks of the Nilgiris district.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Government may, by notification, appoint.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,

(1) 'Collector' means the Collector of the Nilgiris district;

(2) 'Forest' includes waste or arable land containing trees and shrubs, pasture land and any other class of land declared by the Government to be a forest by notification issued in this behalf.

Explanation.—A forest shall not cease to be such reason only of the fact that, in a portion thereof, trees or shrubs are felled with or without the permission of a Collector, or lands are cultivated, or rocks, roads, tanks, rivers, or the like exist;

(3) 'Forest produce' shall have the meaning assigned to it in section 2 of the 1[Tamil Nadu] Forest Act, 1892 (1[Tamil Nadu] Act V of 1882);

(4) 'Government' means the State Government;

(5) 'Owner' in relation to a forest includes a mortgagee, lessee or other person having right to possession or enjoyment of the forest;

(6) 'Person' includes a Hindu undivided family, Marumakkattayam tarwad or tavazhi and an Aliyasantai family or branch;

(7) 'Private forest' means a forest other than reserved forest constituted under the 1[Tamil Nadu] Forest Act, 1882 (1[Tamil Nadu] Act V of 1882), but does not include land at the disposal of Government defined in that Act.

1These words were substituted for the word "Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order 1969.
3. (1) Whenever it appears to the Government that it is necessary to take over the management of any private forest in the public interest or in order to secure the proper management of it, they may publish a notice to that effect in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. Such notice shall state that any objections or suggestions which may be received by the Government within a period to be specified in the notice, will be considered by them. Copies of the notice shall be served on the owner or any other person in possession of the private forest.

(2) After the expiry of the period specified in the notice under sub-section (1) and after considering such objections and suggestions as may be received before such expiry, the Government may, by notification, declare that the management of the private forest shall be taken over by the Government from such date, and for such period not exceeding ten years, as may be specified in the notification.

(3) On and from the date specified in the notification under sub-section (2), the management of the private forest shall vest in the Government and the Collector or any officer authorized by him in this behalf may, after removing any obstruction that may be offered, forthwith enter upon and take possession of the private forest and all accounts, registers, maps, plans and other documents relating to the private forest which the Government may require for the management thereof.

(4) Copies of the notification under sub-section (2) shall be served in such manner as may be prescribed on the owner or any other person in possession of the private forest.

4. (1) Where the management of any private forest has been taken over under section 3, so long as such management remains vested in the Government,—

(a) all rights and interests created in or over the private forest by the owner or any person interested in the private forest shall not be enforceable against the Government;

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(b) the owner or any person interested in the private forest or any person having any claim against the private forest or the forest produce shall not be entitled to the rents and profits (including the forest produce) accruing therefrom during the period of such management but shall be entitled only to the compensation as provided in section 7;

(c) such private forest shall not be liable to be proceeded against in any manner whatsoever in execution of any decree or order of any court or other authority and any attachment or injunction or order for the appointment of a receiver in respect of such private forest subsisting on the date of taking over of such management shall cease to have effect; and

(d) no claim of any person in respect of such private forest shall be enforced by any court whether in execution of a decree or otherwise against the Government or against any person holding such private forest under the Government:

Provided that in computing the period of limitation for a suit or an application for the execution of a decree, the time during which such proceeding, attachment, injunction, order or claim the enforcement of which is barred under this sub-section shall be excluded.

(2) The Government shall receive all rents and profits (including the income from forest produce) accruing from the management of the private forest and shall incur the whole expenditure in the management of the private forest.

5. (1) Subject to such rules as may be made in this behalf, the Government may take such measures as they consider necessary or expedient for the purpose of securing, administering, preserving and managing any private forest, the management of which has been taken over under section 3.
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(b) the owner or any person interested in the private forest or any person having any claim against the private forest or the forest produce shall not be entitled to the rents and profits (including the forest produce) accruing therefrom during the period of such management but shall be entitled only to the compensation as provided in section 7;

(c) such private forest shall not be liable to be proceeded against in any manner whatsoever in execution of any decree or order of any court or other authority and any attachment or injunction or order for the appointment of a receiver in respect of such private forest subsisting on the date of taking over of such management shall cease to have effect; and

(d) no claim of any person in respect of such private forest shall be enforced by any court whether in execution of a decree or otherwise against the Government or against any person holding such private forest under the Government:

Provided that in computing the period of limitation for a suit, or an application for the execution of a decree, the time during which such proceeding, attachment, injunction, order or claim the enforcement of which is barred under this sub-section shall be excluded.

(2) The Government shall receive all rents and profits (including the income from forest produce) accruing from the management of the private forest and shall incur the whole expenditure in the management of the private forest.

5. (1) Subject to such rules as may be made in this behalf, the Government may take such measures as they consider necessary or expedient for the purpose of securing, administering, preserving and managing any private forest, the management of which has been taken over under section 3.
(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provision contained in sub-section (1), such powers, shall include the power—

(a) to cut and remove trees in the private forest;

(b) to sell by auction or otherwise the timber and other forest produce;

(c) to enter into contracts for cutting and removing trees;

(d) to carry on cultivation;

(e) to improve the private forest by planting or otherwise; and

(f) to prevent trespasses and unauthorized removal of any forest produce in the private forest or to prevent the commission of any act of waste in the private forest.

6. (1) On the expiration of the period specified in the notification under sub-section (2) of section 3, or earlier if the Government consider that it is no longer necessary to continue in management of the private forest taken over under section 3, the Government shall release from their management the private forest taken over under section 3 and shall restore the private forest in as good a condition as it was when possession thereof was taken subject only to the changes caused in the ordinary course of management or husbandry and by irresistible force.

(2) Where any private forest is to be released from management by the Government, the Government shall, after making an enquiry in the prescribed manner, by notification, specify the date on which and the person to whom possession of such private forest shall be given:

Provided that no notification under this sub-section specifying any person other than the person from whom possession of the private forest was taken shall be published unless notice has been given to the owner of the private forest, or if he is dead, to his heirs or legal representatives and his or their representations, if any, have been considered by the Government.

(3) On the date specified in the notification under sub-section (2), possession of the private forest shall be deemed to have been given by the Government.
(4) The delivery of possession of the private forest to the person specified in the notification under sub-section (2) shall be a full discharge of the Government from all liability in respect of the private forest, but shall not prejudice any right in respect of the private forest, which any other person may be entitled, by due process of law, to enforce against the person to whom possession of the private forest is given.

Compensation for any portion of the private forest shall be calculated on the total area of the private forest at the rate of one rupee per annum per acre; and
(b) the net profits, if any, accruing from the management of the private forest by the Government during the said twelve months.

(5) For the purpose of calculating the net profits, the total expenditure incurred on the management of the private forest (including the pay and allowances of the officers and staff appointed for the purpose and the amount of any tax, public charge, and other dues paid in respect of the private forest) shall be deducted against the total income from the management up to the date of account and the amount of any deficit shall be carried forward till it balances at the prescribed rate from year to year till such amount is made up and surplus is effected.

(6) For the purpose of sub-section (5)--

(a) the total expenditure shall include the sum paid by the Government under clause (a) of sub-section (4) but shall not include the capital expenditure incurred by the Government on improvements, the value of which is payable to the Government under section 8; and

(b) the total income shall not include the profits accruing from the private forest as a result of such improvements.

(7) The amount of compensation determined under sub-section (1) shall be paid by the Government to the person or persons entitled thereto in such form and manner, and at such time or times, and in one or more instalments, as may be prescribed.

8. Where any private forest is released from management by Government, the owner and any person interested in the private forest or in possession thereof shall be liable to pay to the Government a sum equal to so much of the value of the private forest as is attributable to anything done on the improvement of the private forest for the purpose of enabling the forest to be properly farmed or of securing increased efficiency in the farming of the private forest. The Collector shall, by order, determine such sum which shall be payable by such owner or person within one month.

Value of improvement to be paid to Government on release from management by Government.
from the date of a demand made in writing by the Collector in this behalf:

Provided that the owner or the person by whom any sum is so payable may, by notice in writing served on the Collector within the said one month, elect to pay the said sum together with interest thereon from the said date at the rate of six per cent per annum, by such number of equal annual instalments not exceeding ten, as may be specified in the notice, the first instalment of which shall be paid within one year from the said date.

9. (1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Collector under sub-section (1) of section 7 or under section 8 may appeal to the *Board of Revenue within such period and in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the *Board of Revenue may admit an appeal preferred after the period specified therein if the *Board of Revenue is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

(3) The order of the *Board of Revenue on appeal under this section, or the order of the Collector under sub-section (1) of section 7 or under section 8 where no appeal is preferred under this section to the *Board of Revenue, shall be final.

Penalties.

10. If any owner or person believed to be the owner or the person in possession of the private forest or any other person resists or obstructs any officer in the exercise of any power conferred on, or in the discharge of any duty imposed upon, or in the performance of any function entrusted to, such officer by or under this Act, or contravenes any provision of this Act, or any rule made thereunder or any order made or direction given under this Act, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

* By virtue of section 10 (1) of the Tamil Nadu Board of Revenue Abolition Act, 1980 (Tamil Nadu Act 36 of 1980), any reference to the Board of Revenue shall be deemed to be a reference to the State Government.
11. All amounts payable to, or recoverable by, the Government in respect of the private forest, the management of which has been taken over under section 3, may be recovered as if they were arrears of land revenue.

12. Any authority having power to make an enquiry under this Act shall make the enquiry in the manner provided in the 1[Tamil Nadu] Revenue Enquiries Act, 1893 (1[Tamil Nadu] Act V of 1893) and shall have all powers which are, or may be, vested in the revenue officers by that Act and by the 1[Tamil Nadu] Revenue Summonses Act, 1869) (1[Tamil Nadu] Act III of 1869).

13. The Collector or any officer authorized by him in writing in this behalf, may enter upon any private forest with such other officers or persons as he considers necessary and do all acts necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

14. The Government or the Collector may, with a view to carrying out the purposes of this Act, by order, require any person to furnish to such officer as may be specified in the order such information in his possession as may be specified relating to the private forest, the management of which is taken over or intended to be taken over under section 3.

15. The taking over of the management of a private forest under section 3 shall not affect the liability of any person to pay land revenue, rates or cess in respect of such private forest for any period whether before or after the date of taking over of such management.

16. The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other law for the time being in force relating to forests.

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1 These words were substituted for the word "Madras" by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws Order, 1969, as amended by the Tamil Nadu Adaptation of Laws (Second Amendment) Order, 1969.
17. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any officer or other authority for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or any rule or order made thereunder.

18. No civil court shall have jurisdiction in respect of any matter which the Collector or other authority is empowered by or under this Act to determine, and no injunction shall be granted by any court or other authority in respect of any action taken in pursuance of any power conferred by or under this Act.

19. (1) The Government may make rules to carry out all or any of the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:

(a) the procedure to be followed in taking possession of private forests;

(b) the preservation, maintenance and management of the private forests;

(c) the manner of service of notices and orders;

(d) the proper collection of the income of the private forest taken over by the Government and the incurring of the expenditure in the management of the private forests;

(e) the manner in which the accounts relating to the management of the private forest are to be maintained and audited;

(f) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed.

(3) All rules made under this Act shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, and unless they are expressed to come into force on a particular day, shall come into force on the day on which they are so published.

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(4) Every rule made under this Act shall, as soon as possible after it is made, be placed on the table of both Houses of the Legislature, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, both Houses agree in making any modification in any such rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

20. (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the Power to re-provisions of this Act, the Government may, as occasion may require, by order, do anything which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

(2) Every order made under sub-section (1) shall, as soon as possible after it is made, be placed on the table of both Houses of the Legislature, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, both Houses agree in making any modification in any such order or both Houses agree that the order should not be made, the order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that order.
THE TAMIL NADU PUBLIC TRUSTS (REGULATION OF ADMINISTRATION OF AGRICULTURAL LANDS) ACT, 1961.

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