

The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holding Act, 1972

Act 26 of 1972

Keyword(s): Adult, Agricultural Worker, Banjar Land, Family Land, Landowner, Minor, Orchard, Pepsu Law, Separate Unit, Surplus Area, Tenant

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THE HARYANA CELING ON LAND HOLDINGS ACT, 1972

(HARYANA ACT NO. 26 OF 1972)

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THE HARYANA CEILING ON LAND HOLDINGS ACT, 1972

(HARYANA ACT NO. 26 OF 1972)

(Received the assent of the President of India on the 22nd December, 1972, and was first published in the Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary) of the 23rd December, 1972.)

1	2 ·	3	4
Year	No.	Short title	Whether repealed or otherwise affected by Legislation
1972	26	The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1972	Amended by Haryana Act 33 of 1973 ² Amended by Haryana Act 33 of 1976 ³ Amended by Haryana Act 40 of 1976 ⁴ Amended by Haryana Act 40 of 1976 ⁵ Amended by Haryana Act 14 of 1977 ⁶ Amended by Haryana Act 18 of 1978 ⁷ Amended by Haryana Act 34 c. 1980 ⁸ Amended by Haryana Act 14 of 1983 ⁹ Amended by Haryana Act 2 of 1987 ¹⁰

an ACT

to consolidate and amend the law relating to ceiling on land holdings in the State of Haryana.

BE it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Haryana in the Twenty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- 1. For statement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 28th September, 1972, pages 1193-1194.
- 2. For statement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 30th March, 1973, pages 698-99.
- 3. For statement of objects and reasons, see Huryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the J3^{-h} January, 1976, pages 104-105.
- 4. For statement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 2nd July, 1976, page 1233.
- 5. For stalement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 10th November, 1976, page 1820.
- 6. For statement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 22nd March, 1977, page 379.
- 7. For statement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 3rd April, 1978, page 478.
- 8. For statement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 5th July, 1980, page 1264.
- 9. For statement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 26th August, 1983, page 1134.
- 10. For statement of objects and reasons, see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 25-11-86 page 1306.

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

Short title 1. (1) This Act may be called the Haryana Ceiling on Land and extent. Holdings Act, 1972.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Haryana.

Declaration 2. It is hereby declared that this Act is for giving effect to the policy of the State towards securing the principles specified in clauses (b) and (c) of article 39 of the Constitution of India.

Definitions.

principles.

3. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) "adult" means a person who is not a minor;
- (b) "agricultural worker" means a person whose principal means of livelihood is the income he gets as wages in cash or kind or partly in cash and partly in kind, in connection with the agricultural operations he performs;
- (c) "appointed day" means the twenty-fourth day of January, 1971;
- (d) "banjar land" means land which has remained uncultivated for a continuous period of not less than two years immediately preceding the appointed day;
- (e) "Collector" means the Collector of a district or any other officer not below the rank of an Assistant Collector of the first grade empowered in this behalf by the State Government;
- "{(f) "family" means husband, wife and their minor children or any two or more of them.
- Explanation 1.— A married minor daughter shall not be treated as a child.

Explanation II --- Child shall include---

 (i) Child of the husband from his deceased or divorced wife and living with him;

^{1.} Substituted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.

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- (*ii*) child of the wife from her deceased or divorced husband and living with her;
- (*iii*) illegitimate child of the husband or the wife and living with them or either of them ;
- (g) "land" means land which is not occupied as the site of any building in a town or village and is occupied or has been let for agricultural purposes or for purposes subservient to agriculture, or for pasture, and includes—
 - (a) the sites of buildings and other structures on such land, and
 - (b) banjar land;
- (h) "landowner" means the owner of land;
- (i) "minor" means a person who has not completed the age of eighteen years;
- (j) "orchard" means a compact area of land, other than land under grape garden of '[vine-yard or banana or guava trees], having fruit bearing trees grown thereon in such number that they preclude, or when fully grown would preclude a substantial part of such land from being used for any agricultural purpose;
- (k) "Pepsu law" means the Pepsu Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1955;
- (1) "permissible area" means the extent of land specified in section 4 as the permissible area;
- (m) "person" includes a company, family, association or other body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, and any institution capable of holding property;
- (n) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (o) "prescribed authority" means an authority prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (p) "Punjab law" means the Punjab Security of Land Tenures Act, 1953;

1. Substituted by Haryana Act 33 of 1973.

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- ¹[(q) "separate unit" means an adult son living with his parents or either of them and in case of his death his widow and children, if any;]
 - ²[Explanation].— The adult son or in case of his death his widow and children shall be deemed to be living with the parents or either of them unless separated;]
 - (r) "surplus area" means the area in excess of the permissible area;
 - (s) "tenant" means a person who holds land under another person and is, or but for a special contract would be, liable to pay rent for that land to that other person, and includes—
 - (a) the predecessors and successors-in-interest of the tenant; and
 - (b) su' tenant;

but does not include a person who is such a relation of the landowner as may be prescribed;

 (t) all other words and expressions used herein and not defined but defined in the Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887
(Punjab Act 16 of 1887), or the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887 (Punjab Act 17 of 1887), shall have the meanings assigned to them in either of those Acts.

4. (1) The permissible area in relation to a landowner or tenant or mortgagee with possession or partly in one capacity or partly in another, of person or family consisting of husband, wife and upto three minor children (hereinafter referred to as "the Primary unit of family"), shall be, in respect of—

- (a) land under assured irrigation capable of growing at least two crops in a year (hereinafter referred to as the land under assured irrigation), 7.25 hectares;
- (b) land under assured irrigation capable of growing at least one crop in a year, 10.9 hectares;
- 1. Substituted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.
- 2. Added by Haryana Act 47 of 1976.

Permissible area.

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(c) land of all other types including land under orchard, 21.8 hectares.

(2) The permissible area shall be increased by one-fifth of the permissible area of the primary unit of family for each additional member of family :

Provided that the permissible area shall not exceed twice the permissible area of the primary unit of family.

(3) The permissible area shall be further increased up to the permissible area of the primary unit of a family for each separate unit :

Provided that where the separate unit also owns any land, the same shall be taken into account for calculating the permissible area.

(4) The permissible area shall be determined on the basis of valuation to be calculated in the prescribed manner taking into consideration the ownership of the means of irrigation, their intensity and such other factors as may be prescribed subject to the condition that the total physical holding does not exceed 21.8 hectares.]

(5) In determining the permissible area for the purpose of clause (a) of sub-section (1), five hectares of land under irrigation from privately owned tubewells, pumping sets, etc., shall be equal to four hectares of land under irrigation from canal as defined in the Northern India Canal and Drainage Act, 1873 (Central Act 8 of 1873) or from State Tubewell as defined in the Punjab State Tubewell Act, 1954 (Punjab Act 21 of 1954).

¹[(δ) For evaluating the land of any person at any time under this Act, the land owned by him immediately before the commencement of this Act as well as the land acquired by him after such commencement by inheritance, bequest or gift from a person to whom he is an heir shall be evaluated as if the evaluation was being made on the appointed day and the land acquired by him after the appointed day in any other manner shall be evaluated as if the evaluation was being made on the date of such acquisition.]

5. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to—

2[(a) land owned by, or vested in, the State Government, otherwise than under the provisions of this Act, or

Act not to apply to certain lands.

^{1.} Substituted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.

^{2.} Substituted by Haryana Act 33 of 1973.

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the Central Government or the Faridabad Complex Administration or a Municipal Committee or a Cantonment Board or a Gram Panchayat or the National Dairy Research Institute, Kamal, of such organisation under the administrative control of State or Central Government as the State Government may, by notification, specify;]

(b) land belonging to registered co-operative societies formed for the purposes of co-operative farming :

[Provided that the person joining the society as a member does not own or hold or contribute to the society land in excess of his permissible area and the co-operative society so formed does not own or hold land in excess of the aggregate of the permissible area of its members;]

(c) land belonging to primary agricultural co-operative credit societies, land mortgage banks, the State and the Central Co-operative banks and other banks.

Explanation— For the purposes of this clause 'bank' means Banking Company as defined in section 5 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the State Bank of India constituted under the State Bank of India Act, 1955, Subsidiary Bank as defined in the State Bank of India (Subsidiary Banks) Act, 1959, corresponding new bank constituted under the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970, and any other financial institution notified by the State Government as a bank for the purpose of this Act;

(d) land leased by the Haryana State Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank Limited, established under the Punjab Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank Act, 1957;

(e) land owned by the Haryana Agricultural University, Hissar, the Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra, or such other university as the State Government may, by notification declare;

1. Substituted by Hafyana Act 17 of 1976.

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'[(f) land owned by the Haryana Bhudan Yagna Board established under the Punjab Bhudan Yagna Act, 1955.]

an 2[5A.: Notwithstanding any judgement, decree or order of any court or authority, the provisions of this Act shall not apply to lands belonging to any religious or charitable institution of a public nature in existence immediately before the day of commencement of this Act, but not helonging to the Mahant, Mohtamim or manager thereof :-

> Provided that the exemptions specified herein shall be admissible-till such time only as the land or income therefrom is utilised for the specified purpose of such institution and shall not be admissible to the lessees of such lands :

> Provided further that except in the case of land belonging to institutions, registered under the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 (Central Act 2 of 1882), or regulated by any statute such as the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925 (Punjab Act 8 of 1925), the Waqf Act. 1954 (Parliament Act 29 of 1954), or customarily recognised, the onus to prove that the land is exempt under this section, shall lie on the person claiming the exemption.

Explanation -- For the purpose of this section, 'religious or charitable institution' means-110

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- (i) a temple;
 - (ii) a Gurdwara;

(iii) a Gowshala;

(iv) a waqf as defined in clause (ii) of section 3 of the Waqf Act, 1954 (Parliament Act 29 of 1954) ; or

(v) any other religious place of public nature.]

6. Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, the provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force or any instrument having effect by virtue of any such law or any usage, agreement, settlement, grant, sanad or any decree or order of any court or other authority.

Exemption

belonging to religious or

charitable

institutions.

of lands

Actio override other laws, " decrees, orders, etc.

^{1.} Inserted by Haryana Act 14 of 1983.

^{2.} Inserted by Harvana Act 17 of 1976.

CHAPTER II

CEILING ON LAND AND ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AREA

Ceiling on land.

7. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any law, custom, usage or agreement, no person shall be entitled to hold whether as landowner or tenant or as a mortgagee with possession or partly in one capacity or partly in another, land within the State of Haryana exceeding the permissible area on or after the appointed day.

¹[*Explanation.*—Where the person is a family including the separate unit, if any, the land owned or held by such person together with the land owned or held by the members of the family and the separate unit shall be taken into account for the purposes of calculating the permissible area.]

Certain transfers ²[or dispositions] not to affect surplus area. 8. (1) Save in the case of land acquired by the Union Government or the State Government under any law for the time being in force or by a tenant under the Pepsu law or the Punjab law or by an heir by inheritance, no transfer ²[or disposition] of land in excess of—

- (a) the permissible area under the Pepsu law or the Punjab law after the 30th day of July, 1958; and
- (b) the permissible area under this Act, except a bonafide transfer ²[or disposition] after the appointed day,

shall affect the right of the State Government under the aforesaid Acts to the surplus area to which it would be entitled but for such transfer ²[or disposition] :

Provided that any person who has received an advantage under such transfer ²[or disposition] of land shall be bound to restore it, or to pay compensation for it, to the person from whom he received it.

(2) The burden of proving the transfer 2 [or disposition] to be a bonafide one shall be on the transferer.

(3) If any person transfers 2 [or disposes of] any land after the appointed day in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1), the land so transferred 3 [or disposed of] shall be deemed to be owned or held by that person in calculating the permisible area. The land exceeding the permissible area so calculated shall be the surplus

3. Inserted by ibid.

^{1.} Substituted by Haryama Act 17 of 1976.

^{2.} Inserted by ibid.

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area of the person and in case the area left with him after such transfer ¹[or disposes of] is equal to the surplus area so calculated, the entire area left with him shall be deemed to be the surplus area. If the area left with him shall be deemed to be the surplus area and to the entire area left with him shall be deemed to be the surplus area and to the extent of the deficiency in it the land so transferred ¹[or disposed of] shall also be deemed to be the surplus area shall be made up from each of the transferees in the proportion to the land transferred ¹[or disposed of] to them.

12.

9. (1) Every person, who on the appointed day or at any time thereafter holds land exceeding the permissible area, shall ²[within a period of three months from such date as the State Government may, by notification, specify in this behalf] or subsequent acquisition of land, furnish to the prescribed authority a declaration supported by an affidavit giving the particulars of all his land and that of the separate unit in the prescribed form and manner and stating therein his selection of the parcel or parcels of land not exceeding in the aggregate the permissible area which he desires to retain :

Provided that in case of a member of the Armed Forces of the Union, 3[the last date for furnishing the declaration shall be the 31st October, 1976.

Explanation 1.— Where the person is a member of the family, he shall include in his declaration the particulars of land held by him and also of land, if any, held by other members of the family 4 and the separate unit.]

⁵[Explanation II.— In calculating the extent of land owned or held by a person, the share of such person in the land owned or held by an undivided family, firm or association of individuals, whether incorporated or not, and the land contributed as share capital or otherwise by him to a co-operative society or a company of which he may be a member or shareholder, shall be taken into account.]

 ${}^{5}[(2)]$ Every person making a selection of the permissible area under sub-section (1), may also select land for the separate unit.

- 3. Substituted by Haryana Aci 47 of 1976.
- 4. Added by Harayna Act 17 of 1976.
- 5. Substituted by ibid.

Selection of permissible area and persons required to furnish declaration.

^{1.} Inserted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.

^{2.} Substituted by *ibid*.

Explanation.—An Adult son, who owns or holds land and is living separately from his parents, shall file the declaration under sub-section (1) and make the selection of permissible area under sub-section (2) separately.]

(3) In making the selection such person shall include in the first place the land which had been transferred by him after the appointed day in contravention of the provisions of section 8 and in the second place the land mortgaged by him without possession but shall not include any land—

(i) which is declared surplus ; -

(ii) which was under the permissible area of a tenant ; under the Punjab law or the Pepsu law.

(4) The declaration under sub-section (1) shall be furnished by,—

- (a) in the case of an adult unmarried person, such person;
- (b) in the case of a minor, lunatic, idiot or a person subject to like disability, the guardian, manager or other person incharge of such person or of the property of such person :
- (c) in the case of a family, the husband or in his absence, the wife, or, in the absence of both, the guardian of the minor children;
- (d) in the case of any other person, any person competent to act for such person in this behalf.

10. If a person fails to select the permissible area in accordance with the provisions of section 9, the prescibed authority may, after collecting the information in such manner as it may deem fit, by order select the permissible area of such person :

Provided that no such order shall be made without giving all persons interested an opportunity of being heard.

11. [(I) On the basis of information given in the declaration or such information, as may be obtained, the prescribed authority shall prepare a statement in the manner prescribed showing, among other particulars, the total area of land owned or held by a person and the separate unit, their permissible area and the surplus area.]

2(2) The land included in the statement prepared under subsection (1) as permissible area of the family and the separate unit, shall be owned or held by the members of the family and also the

Selection of permissible area by prescribed authority.

Statement of permissible and surplus areas.

^{1.} Substituted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.

^{2.} Inserted by ibid.

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separate unit in the same proportion in which they owned or held land before selection of the permissible area.]

[(3) A copy of statement prepared under sub-section (1) shall be sent to the person concerned and to the tenants of the landowner by registered post and shall also be given on demand on payment of fee. Copies of such statement shall also be sent to the Tehsildar and such other officer as may be prescribed.]

12. (1) The surplus area of a landowner shall, 2 from the date on which it is declared as such shall be deemed to have been acquired by the State Government for a public purpose] and all rights, title and interest (including the contingent interest, if any, recognised by any law, custom or usage for the time being in force) of all persons in such area shall stand extinguished and such rights, title and interest shall vest in the State Government free from any encumbrance :

Provided that where any land within the permissible area of the mortgagor is mortgaged with possession and falls within the surplus area of the mortgagee, only the mortgagee rights shall be deemed to have been acquired by the State Government and the same shall vest in it.

(2) The right and interest of the tenant in his surplus area which is included within the permissible area of the land owner shall stand extinguished.

 1 (3) The area declared surplus or tenant's permissible area under the Punjab law and the area declared surplus under the Pepsu law, which has not so far vested in the State Government, shall be deemed to have vested in the State Government with effect from the appointed day and the area which may be so declared under the Punjab law or the Pepsu law after the appointed day shall be deemed to have vested in the State Government with effect from the date of such declaration.]

13. (1) The prescribed authority may, by order in writing, at any time after the date on which the statement in respect of a landowner or tenant has been prepared and copies thereof sent as required by section 11, direct the person in possession of the surplus area acquired and vested under section 12 to deliver possession thereof within ten days of the service of the order on him to such person as may be specified in the order.

- Existing sub-section (2) re-numbered as sub-section (3) by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.
- 2. Substituted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976.

Power to take

possession of

surplus area.

Inserted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976 and further substituted by Haryana Act 14 of 1977.

(2) If the person in possession of the surplus area refuses or fails without reasonable cause to comply with the order issued under sub-section (1), the prescribed authority may take possession of the surplus area and may for that purpose use such force as may be necessary.

14. (1) Where a landowner owns land jointly with other landowners and his share of such land or part thereof has been, or is to be, declared as surplus area, the officer competent to declare such area, or where such area has been declared, the officer competent to utilize it, may on his own motion, after summary enquiry and affording to the persons interested in such land an opportunity of being heard, separate his share of such land or part thereof in the land owned by him jointly with other landowners.

(2) Where, after the declaration of the surplus area of any person and before the utilization thereof, his land has been subjected to the process of consolidation, the officers referred to in sub-section (1) shall be competent to separate the surplus area of such person out of the area of land obtained by him after consolidation.

15. (1) The surplus area acquired or vested under section 12 shall be at the disposal of the State Government.

(2) The State Government may, by notification, frame a scheme for utilizing the surplus area by allotment of land to members of the Scheduled Castes and Backward Classes, landless persons, agricultural workers, tenants, ex-servicemen, tenants liable to ejectment, or persons owning ¹[land measuring less than two hectares of the category specified in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4] or land of equivalent value :

¹[Provided that----

- (i) a tenant holding land declared as the tenant's permissible area under the Punjab law or the Pepsu law, as the case may be, may be allotted land to the extent of the area held by him or the permissible area under this Act, whichever is less;
- (ii) a tenant, who was allotteed and given possession of land in the surplus area by the State Government under the Punjab law or the Pepsu law, may be allotted land to the extent of the area so allotted to him;

Power to separate shares of landowners.

Disposal of surplus area.

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J. Substituted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976.

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- (iii) a tenant liable to ejectment as a result of an ejectment order or decree passed against him under clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Punjab law or sub-section (1) of section 7A of the Pepsu law, may be allotted land to the extent of the area mentioned in section 9A of the Punjab law or section 7A of the Pepsu law, as the case may be;
- (iv) a tenant, settled on the surplus area by the landowner before Kharif, 1968, who is not—
 - (a) landowner's relation of the category specified in clause (9) of section 2 of the Punjab law or the rules made thereunder; or
 - (b) the landowner's relative of the category specified in the rule made under sub-clause (ii) of clause (g) of section 2 read with section 52 of the Pepsu law; or
 - (c) the landowner's relation of the category specified in the rule made under clause (s) of section 3 read with section 31 of this Act,

may be allotted land to the extent of two hectares of the category specified in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 or land of equivalent value subject to the condition that the land so allotted and the land held by him, if any, do not exceed two hectares of land of the category specified in clause (c) of subsection (1) of section 4 or land of equivalent value; and

(v) a person from any other eligible category may be allotted land, to the extent of two hectares of the category specified in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 or land of equivalent value subject to the condition that the land so allotted and the land held by him, if any, do not exceed two hectares of land of the category specified in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 or land of equivalent value :]

Provided further that where a sub-tenant, except that of a widow, a minor, an unmarried woman, a member of the Armed Forces of the Union or a person incapable of cultivating land by reason of physical or mental infirmity is in possession of land, the allotment shall be made to him to the exclusion of the tenant :

[Provided further that until the scheme for utilising the surplus area under this Act is finalised and notified, the surplus area and the tenants permissible area vested in the State Government under subsection (3) of section 12, may be taken possession of and utilized for the resettlement of tenants liable to be ejected from the permissible area, reserved area or exempted area of a landowner under the Punjab law or the Pepsu law.]

(3) Any scheme framed by the State Government may provide for the priorities among the persons mentioned in sub-section (2) the extent of land and the terms and conditions on which the land in the surplus area is to be allotted.

(4) The purchase price of the land, along with interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, shall be payable by the allottee ${}^{2}[$ * * * * * * *] in ten annual equated instalments, at the rate not exceeding that mentioned in column 1 of the table in sub-section (1) of section 16.

³[(5) On payment of full price or the first instalment thereof, as the case may be, the prescribed authority, where the allottee is not already in possession of the land, shall put him in possession thereof. The allottee shall, however, become the owner of the land on payment of the full price :

Provided that the allottee shall not be competent to transfer,

sell, lease or mortgage the land allotted to him or any part thereof or transfer his rights, title or interest therein, in any manner whatsoever, to any person for a period of five years from the date of his taking possession in pursuance of the allotment under the scheme framed for utilising the surplus area under this Act, even though the full purchase price has been paid in a lumpsum or in instalments along with interest within the aforesaid period.

- 2. Omitted by Haryana Act 2 of 1987.
- 3. Substituted by ibid.

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I. Inserted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.

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(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (5) the allottee shall be competent to mortgage or create a charge on the land allotted to him for raising loan from any co-operative society, bank, scheduled bank or any corporation owned or controlled by the Government, for the purpose of making improvements in the land and for other agricultural purposes.]

¹[(7) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 21, a person who secures an allotment by furnishing information which is false or which he knows or has reason to believe to be false or which he does not believe to be true and who is or has at any time been in possession of any surplus area to which he is or was not entitled under the law shall, for the period for which the surplus area remains or has remained in his possession, be charged a licence fee equal to thirty times the land holdings tax, recoverable in respect of this area.]

16. (1) Where any land ²[is acquired or has vested] under section 12, there shall be paid for it an amount calculated at the rate shown in the table below, namely :—

Principles for payment of amount.

Rate per	acre in rupees			nd as shown in le to this Act
For first 10 hectares	For next 20 hectares	For re- maining land	Paise	or Annas
1	2	3	4	5
2,000	1,760	1,600	100 or more	16 or more
1,875	1,650	1,500	94	15

TABLE

1. Inserted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976.

2. Substituted by Haryana Act 14 of 1977.

CEILING ON LAND HOLDINGS

1	2	3	4	5
1,750	1,540	1,400	87	14
1,625	1,430	1,300	81	13
1,500	1,320	1,200	75	12
1,375	1,210	1,100	69	11
1,250	1,100	1,000	62	10
1,125	990	900	56	9
1,000	880	800	50	8
875	770	700	44	7
750	660	600	37	б
625	550	500	31	5
500	440	400	25	- 4
375	330	300	20	3
250	220	200	12	2
200	160	150	10	11/2

¹[(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), a person who, under section 9, fails to furnish a declaration or furnishes a declaration containing information which is false or which he knows or has reason to believe to be false or which he does not believe to be true, shall be paid for the land for which no declaration is furnished or declaration furnished contains information which is false or which he knows or has reason to believe to be false or which he knows or has reason to believe to be false or which he knows or has reason to believe to be false or which he does not believe to be true, an amount calculated at half the rates shown in the table referred to in sub-section (1).]

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(2) The prescribed authority shall prepare a statement for the payment of amount in the form and manner prescribed and shall give notice to all persons '[including the landowner, the tenants or any other person], known to have any interest in the land, on the basis of the entries in the revenue records or otherwise, for which the amount is to be paid, to appear personally or by duly authorised agent before him at a time and place therein mentioned (such time not being earlier than fifteen days after the date of service of the notice) and to state the nature of their respective interests in the land and the amount and particulars of their claims for such interests. The prescribed authority shall then determine the person or persons having interest in the land and the amount payable to each and the same shall be paid accordingly.

 $^{2}[(2A)]$ The amount payable to the members of the family and the separate unit, in respect of the surplus area shall be apportioned between the members of the family as also the separate unit in the same proportion in which they owned or held land before the selection of the permissible area.]

(3) The amount shall be applied firstly to discharge the Government dues, secondly to meet the claims of the secured creditors and lastly to pay the dues of other claimants.

(4) Where mortgagee rights have been acquired by the State Government, the amount payable to the mortgagee shall be the mortgage money due to him or the amount payable for acquisition of land under this section, whichever is less.

(5) Where on the land there is any building, structure, ³[tubewell, water-course including its subsidiary works, crop or tree including fruit tree], the owner thereof shall, in addition to the amount payable in respect of the land, be entitled to be paid by the State Government an amount therefor which shall be equivalent to fifty per centum of the market value of such building, structure, ³[tube-well, water-course including its subsidiary works, crop or tree including fruit tree] as the case may be, and which shall be determined by the ⁴[prescribed authority :]

4. Substituted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976.

^{1.} Substituted by Harayna Act 17 of 1976.

^{2.} Inserted by ibid.

^{3.} Substituted by *ibid* and further substituted Haryana Act 14 of 1977.

Provided that an option in writing shall be given by the prescribed authority to the owner to remove such building, '[structure, crop or tree including fruit tree] within the period prescribed, and if such building, '[structure, crop or tree including fruit tree] as the case may be, is removed by the owner within the period prescribed or within such further period as the prescribed authority may extend for the purpose, no amount shall be paid to the owner in respect thereof :

Provided further that the cost incurred in raising the crop shall be the market value of the crop.

17. The amount payable by the State Government, along with interest at the rate of five per centum per annum thereon, shall be given in cash in ten equated annual instalments in the manner prescribed :

²[Provided that in the case of minor, idiot or lunatic, the equated annual instalments of the amount payable to such person, from time to time, shall be deposited by the competent authority in the civil court exercising jurisdiction over the area under the Guardians and Wards Act, 1890 (Central Act 6 of 1890), or the Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956 (Parliament Act 32 of 1956), as the case may bc, for payment to such person in accordance with the provisions of either of the said Acts, as may be applicable.]

CHAPTER III

MISCELLANEOUS

18. (1) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order of the prescribed authority, not being the Collector, may, within ³[fifteen days] from the date of decision or order, prefer an appeal to the Collector in such form and manner as may be prescribed :

Provided that the Collector may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of ³[fifteen days] if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

(2) Any person aggricved by a decision or order of the Collector (whether acting as prescribed authority or not) not being a decision or order made in an appeal under sub-section (1), may, within ³[fifteen days] from

- 1. Substituted by Harayne Act 14 of 1977.
- 2 Inserted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.
- 3 Substituted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976.

Appeal, review and revision.

Payment of

amount.

the date of the decision or order, prefer an appeal to the Commissioner in such form and manner as may be prescribed :

Provided that the Commissioner may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of '[fifteen days] if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

²(3) [* * * * * * *]

(4) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Collector under sub-section (1), may within '[thirty] days from the date of the order, file a revision petition before the Commissioner so as to challenge the legality or propriety of such order and the Commissioner may pass such order as he may deem fit. The order of the Commissioner shall be final.

²[(5) ⁺ ⁺ ⁺ ⁺ ⁺ ^{*}]

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing subsections, the Financial Commissioner may *suo motu* at any time call for the record of any proceedings or order of any authority subordinate to him for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the legality or propriety of such proceedings or order, and may pass such order in relation thereto as he may deem fit.

³[(7) * * * * * * *]

4[(8) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 21, a person who files an appeal or a revision against the order declaring his land as surplus area and the appeal or revision filed by him fails, shall be liable to pay, for the period he is or has at any time been in possession of the land declared surplus to which he is or was not entitled under the law, a licence fee equal to thirty times the land holdings tax, recoverable in respect of this area.]

⁵[(9) * * * * * * *]

19. Clerical or arithmetical mistakes in any order passed by any officer or authority under this Act or errors arising therein from any accidental slip or ommision may at any time be corrected by such

Correction of clerical errors.

- 1. Substituted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976
- 2. Omitted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976
- 3. Substituted by Haryana Act 18 of 1978 and further omitted by Haryana Act 34 of 1980.
- 4. Inserted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976.
- 5. Inserted by Haryana Act 18 of 1978 and further omitted by Haryana Act 34 of 1980.

γ.,

officer or authority either of his own motion or on an application received in this behalf from any of the parties.

20. Any officer or authority holding an enquiry or hearing an appeal or a revision under this Act shall have the powers of a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Central Act 5 of 1908), relating to-

- (a) proof of facts by affidavits ;
- (b) enforcing attendance of any person and his examination on eath :
- (c) production of documents;
- (d) issue of commission;

and every such officer or authority shall be deemed to be a civil court within the meaning of sections 480 and 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Central Act 5 of 1898).

'[20A.

Penalty for making faise statement.

21. (1) If any person fails to furnish a declaration as required by section 9, or during the course of any proceedings under this Act makes a declaration or statement or furnishes any information which is false or which he knows or has reasons to believe to be false or which he does not believe to be true, he shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to ²[two years], or with fine which may extend to ²[two thousand rupees], or with both.

³[(2) If any person secures an allotment by furnishing information which is false or which he knows or has reason to believe to be false or which he does not believe to be true, he shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to two years, or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both.

- 2. Substituted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.
- 3. Substituted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976.

Officers holding enquiries to have power of civil courts.

I. Inserted by Haryana Act 40 of 1976 and further omitted Haryana Act 18 of 1978.

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(3) No court shall take congnizance of an office punishable under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) except on a complaint made by the prescribed authority.]

22. (1) Any person who is in wrongful or unauthorised possession of any land—

- (a) the transfer '[or disposition] of which to him either by the act of parties or by the operation of law is invalid under the provisions of this Act; or
 - (b) to the use and occupation of which he is not entitled under the provisions of this Act;

may, after summary enquiry, be ejected by the Collector who may also impose on such person a penalty not exceeding five hundred rupees.

(2) The Collector may direct that the whole or any part of the penalty imposed under sub-section (1) shall be paid to the person who has sustained any loss or damage by such wrongful or unauthorised possession of the land.

23. Every officer acting under or in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or any rules made there under shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (Central Act 45 of 1860).

24. In all enquiries and proceedings under this Act, the Collector I and any other officer shall have such powers and follows such procedure as may be prescribed.

25. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Court Fees Act, 1870 (Central Act 7 of 1870), every application, appeal or other proceeding under this Act shall bear a court fee stamp of such value as may be prescribed.

26. (1) No civil court shall have jurisdiction to---

 (a) entertain or proceed with a suit for specific performance of a contract for transfer of land which affects the right of the State Government to the surplus area under this Act; or

1. Inserted by Haryana Act 17 of 1976.

Summary eviction and fine.

Certain officers to be public servants.

Procedure.

Court fees.

Bar of jurisdiction.

CEILING ON LAND HOLDINGS [1972 : Haryana Act 26

 (b) settle, decide or deal with any matter which is under this Act required to be settled, decided or dealt with by the Financial Commissioner, the Commissioner, the Collector or the prescribed authority.

(2) No order of the Financial Commissioner, the Commissioner, the Collector or the prescribed authority made under or in pursuance of this Act shall be called in question in any court.

27. (1) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under or in pursuance of this Act or any rules made there under.

(2) No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the State Government for any damage caused or likely to be caused or any injury suffered or likely to be suffered by virtue of any provisions contained in this Act or any rules made there under.

28. The amount or other sum payable under this Act and the amount of any penalty imposed under this Act may be recovered as an arrear of land revenue.

29. The State Government may, by notification, direct that the powers exercisable by it under this Act, shall in such circumstances and under such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the notification, be exercisable also by an officer subordinate to the State Government.

30. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the State Government may, by order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions of this Act, as appear to it to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty.

31. (1) The State Government may, by notification, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) Every rule made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before the House of the State Legislature while it is in session for a total period of ten days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following the House agrees in making any modification in the rule or the House agrees that the rule should not be made, the

Protection of action taken under this Act.

recovery of amount and penalty.

Mode of

Delegation.

Power to remove difficulties.

Power to make rules.

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rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

32. ¹[As from the appointed day], exemptions granted in relation to the utilisation of surplus area under orchards, tea-estates or well run farms by virtue of ²[the provisions of the Punjab law or the Pepsu law or the rules framed or purported to have been framed thereunder], shall stand withdrawn.

33. (1) The provisions of the Punjab Security of Land Tenures Act, 1953, and the Pepsu Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1955, which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

(2) The repeal of the provisions of the enactments mentioned in sub-section (1), hereinafter referred to as the said enactments, shall not affect—

- (i) the applications for the purchase of land under section 18 of the Punjab Law or section 22 of the Pepsu Law, as the case may be, pending immediately before the commencement of this Act, which shall be disposed of as if this Act had not been passed;
- (ii) the proceedings for the determination of the surplus area pending immediately before the commencement of this Act, under the provisions of either of the said enactments, which shall be continued and disposed of as if this Act and not been passed, and the surplus area so determined shall vest in, and be utilised by, the State Government in accordance with the provisions of this Act;
- ³[(*iii*) the revisional power of the Financial Commissioner under section 24 of the Punjab law or under subsection (3) of section 39 of the Pepsu law, as the case may be, shall be exercised as if this Act had not been passed; and the area declared surplus in exercise of such revisional power shall vest in, and be utilized

Withdrawal of exemptions regarding utilisation of surplus area.

Repeal and saving.

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^{1.} Substituted by Haryana Act 33 of 1973.

² Substituted by Haryana Act 14 of 1977.

^{3.} Inserted by ibid.

by, the State Government in accordance with the provisions of this Act;

- (iv) the power exercisable under section 5-C of the Punjab law or under section 32-BB of the Pepsu law, as the case may be, shall be exercised as if this Act had not been passed; and the area determined surplus in exercise of such power shall vest in, and be utilized by, the State Government in accordance with the provisions of this
- Act: Provided that the powers of the Pepsu Land Commission
- under the Pepsu law shall vest in, and be exercised by, the Collector of the district concerned.]

(3) Save as provided in sub-section (2), no authority shall pass an order in any proceedings whether instituted before or after the commencement of this Act which is inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

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THE SCHEDULE [See section 16(1)

VALUATION STATEMENT FOR AMBALA DISTRICT

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(Figures represent value in mnaw per acre)

					CLASS	CLASS OF LAND				I		
	ō	Chali	Chahi und Abi		Chahl, Nehri and Abi	khri and j	Sailab	đ	Abi		Boranl and Baylı Baraol	Bayh
Tehsil	Area or assess- ment cirele	-cula- non,	Area of assess- ment circle-	Valua- tion	Area or Jssess- ment circle	tion	- Area or ussess- m∻nt circle	Vatua- tion	Area or 455ess- ment circle	Valua- Lion	Area or assess ment circte	tion .
-	5	3	4	5	6	7	8	6	10	=	12	13
Ambala and Kalka	I	1	All (chsi)	15		i	A'l Ichsil	6	1		All lehsil	10
Jagadhri	ł	I		1	All chsil	- 12	All tchsil	¢	, I	·+ ·	Kandi and Northern Jamna Kozdar vircle	54 7
											Bangar circle	0
											Southern Jainna Khadar and Som Khadar circles	=
Naraingarh	A]] Ichsil	15	ļ	I	٠i	1	All tchsìl)	6	Seati	16	Scoli circle	6 .
									Char	14	Cihar circle	œ

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CEILING ON LAND HOLDINGS

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3. The kind of land as on 24th January, 1974, shall be considered

2. Kollar, thus and seem land shall be valued at W_1 areas.

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VALUATION STATEMENT FOR

(Figures represent value in

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	Chahi		Abi		Nehri	
Tehsil	Area or assessment circle	Valua- tion	Area or assessment circle	Valuat- tion	Area or assessment circle	Və]บอ tion
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Nuh	All tehsil except Taoru	10	All tehsil	9	All tehsi)	B
	Таоги	12				
Rewari including Pataudi	Chahai Knari	12			All tehsil	8
	Chahat Mitha	14	. ·			
	Pahar	11				
	Sahibi	13				
Ferozepur Jhirka	Bangar	10	All tehsil	9	All tehsil except	8
	Budhar and Dahar	12			Dahar	
•	Chiknot	9			Dahar	9
Palwat	Baogar	13			All tehsit	8
	Khadir	9				
Ballabgath	Khadir	9	All (chsil	8	All tebsil	8
	Bangar	13				
	Dabar	12	,	ż		
Gurgaon	Sohna and	12	All tebsil	8	Saboa	7
	Sahibi				Gurgaon	8
	Bhudi	13		,	Bahora	7
	Gurgaon and Bahora	14				

Notes-1. Ala barant includes Chiknot, Narmote and Magda.

2. Banjar land shall be valued at 2 annas.

3. The kallar, thus and sem land shall be valued at $1V_p$ annas.

4. The kind of land as on 24th January, 1971 shall be considered.

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GURGAON DISTRICT

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annas per acre)

LAND

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All Baran	i Bhuð		_ Ne	bri		Sailab	
Area or assessment circle	Valua- tion	Area or assessment circle	Valua- tion	Area or assessment circle	Valua- tion	Area or assessment circle	Valua tion
8	9	10	н	[2	13	14	15
All tehsil	7	All tehsil	4	Perennial All tehsil Non- pereovial	16 10		
				All tehsil			
All tchsil	6	All (chsi)	4	Perennial All tehsil	16		
		·		Non- perennial All tebsil	10		
Alt tehsil except Dahar	7	All r-heil except Dzhar	4	ក្នុងមនុទ្ធរ	- 14		
Dahar	[:] 9	Dahar	5				
Bangar	8	All tchsil	4	Bangar	16	All tehsil	8
Khadir	6			Kadhir	12		
All tehsil except Bangar	6	All tehsil	4	Perennial All tchsil	16	Khadir	8
Bangar	8						i.
Sakibi	5	All tehsit	4				
Sobna Gurgaon Bhud Babara	6						
Bahora (Chiknot) Paluan	7			ż			
Babora Other	6						

DISTRICT
HISSAR
FÖR
STATEMENT
VALUATION

(Figures represent value in nums per acre)

			LLAND UF LAND					
	Irrigated (Nebri)	chri)	Jrrigated (Chuhi)		Untrrigated		Sailah	
Tchsil	Area or assessment circle	Valua- tion	Area or ausensment circle	Valua- ijon	Area or assessment circle	Volua- tion	Area or assessment circle	Valua - tíon
	2	3	-	2	0	6	88	6
Hissar and Tohana	All tehsi?	15	All tehsil	10	Nebri Hariana	ۍ ا ا	Nehri Harianu	- və
	Non-percanial All lehsil	0			Basmi Hariana Dagar	4 M	Bariana Bagur	4 m
Bhiwani and Loharu	Eastern Hariana Resi	15 10	All tchsił	<u>e</u>	Erstern Hariana Western Hariana Rest	s ss cr		
Sirsa and Dabwalı	Perconia All tehsii	15	Ali Ichsil	01	Bagar Rest	م م		
	Non-pernnial All tehsil	0						·
Hansı	Perennial All tehsil Non-perential All tehsil	10	All tehsil	0	All "chsił	Г. ю	- '	
Fatehabad	All tchsil	15	All tebsil	10	Bilgar Nehri baranî Rungoi apd Nali Iangle	4 50		

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4. The kind of land as on 24th January, 1971, shall be cossidered.

3. The kallar, thur and sem land shall be valued at $1/t_a$ and so

DISTRICT
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FOR
STATEMENT
VALUATION

(Figures represent value in subas per acre)

							CLASS	CLASS OF LAND]		
Area or value- Area of value- Area or value- Area		Nahi	ri Chahl	Chahl	Khalk	Nehu		Chabl N	ehri			Sails	م ا	Bhu	 _
	Tchsil	Area or assess- ment circle	Valua- líon	Area of assess- ment circle	Valua- tion	Arca or assess- meat	Valua- tíoa	Arca or assess- ment circle	Vulua- tion		Valua- tion	Area or assess- ment circle	Valua- tion	Area or assess- ment circle	Valua- tion
a All tehsil 62 All tehsil 100 All tehsil 81 All tehsil 50 All tehsil 56 All tehsil All tehsil 90 All tehsil 87 except village 37 except village 37 All tehsil 90 All tehsil 87 Perennial 70 All tehsil 50 All tehsil 90 All tehsil 87 Perennial 75 20 41 All tehsil 94 All tehsil 75 All tehsil 50 7 All tehsil 94 Perennial 75 Barani 6 7	_	7	- -	4	<u>ہ</u>	6		8	5	₽] ≍	12	13	4	15
All tehsil 90 All tehsil 87 Perenbial 100 All tehsil 87 All teksil Non- Non- Non- 75 Barani Except All tehsil 94 All tehsil 100 All tehsil 94 All tehsil All tehsil 94 Perennial 100 All tetsii 94 All tehsil All tehsil 94 Perennial 75 34 All tehsil 44	Narwana		 	All tensil	62	All tehsil	100	All tehsil	.	All tehsil ckcept Baruni vilfages	50	All tehsil	56	All Ichsil	15
Barani All tchsil 94 All tchsil 94 Perennial 100 All tchsil 94 All tchsil Non- Perennial 75 Barani 44	lind	AJI lehsil		All Ichsil	87	Percabial Noa- Perennial	100 75	All (chail	87	Baraní village All teksil except Barani	37 50			. '	
All tehsil 94 All tehsil 94 Perennial 100 All tehsil 94 All tehsil Non- Barani Perennial 75 Barani Barani 44										Barani	4]				
	Safidon	All tchsil	94	All tchsil	94	Perennía] Non- Perenniaí	100 75	All tetisii	94	All (chsi) Except Barani	56				
				•							44				

www-1. Banjar faud shall be valued at 12 paise.

2. Kallar, thur and sem land shalt be valued at 100 paise.

3. The kind of land as on 24th January, 1971, shall be considered.

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DISTRICT	
KARNAL	
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STATEMENT	
VALUATION	

			(Figure	s represen	(Figures represent value in anuas per atre)	s рег всте)					
				CLA	CLASS OF LAND						
1	ClwhH and Abi	Pi	Chuhi		Neturi		Unlrrigated		Nchri, now-perennial or other Nehri and Nehrl Imundation	erennial uri and atton	
	Area of assessment circle	Valua- tion	Afea or 565essment cirele	Valua- tion	Area or assessment circle	Valua- tion	Area or assesment circle	Valua- tion	Area or assessment circle	Valua- tion	
	2	m	4	~	9	-	 80 .	6	10	11	
	All rehsil except Bangar Indri and Bangar Kurual	SI	-		All /ehsit	9	All tehsif	6	All tchsil	12	_
	Bangar ludri and Bangar Karnal	16					- - - 				
	I	}	All tchsil	16	Khadar círcle Bangar	16	All tchsil	01	All tehsil	13	
	All tehsit except except				-		Brt Markanda and				
	Seumern Chachra	- 91	I	Ι		I	Khadir circle	01	AH tebsil	13	
	Clachra	21		,			Rest of the tchsit	٥			

Karnal

Tchsil

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All tehsil

D,

Naili Inderwal and Pawadh

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All tchsil

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All tchsi)

Guhla

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All tehsil

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Narduk and Bangar Bangar Pahowa

16

All rehsil

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All (chsi)

Kaithal

Тралекая

Panipat

3. The kind of land as on 24th January, 1971, shall be considered. Kallar, thur and seen land shall be valued at 14_2 annas.

Note $x \rightarrow 1$ Bunjat hand shall be valued at $1/t_1$ annas.

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VALUATION STATEMENT FOR MOHINDERGARH DISTRICT

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(Figures represent value in palse per acre)

	·		CLASS OF LAND			
	Chabl		Barnel	ł	Bhud	
Tehsil	Area or assessment circle	Valuation	Area or assessment circle	Valuation	Area or assessment circle	Valuation
	2	3	<i>i</i> l	5	6	7
Dadrí	. All tensil	100	All tensil	50	Chak Tibba Rest of tensil	19 25
lohindergarh	All tehsil except Kaulna Pargana	75 ×	All tehsil except Kaning Pargana	37	Al) tehsil	25
	Kanina Pargana	94	Kanina Pargana	50		
arnaul	All tehsil except Pasikoh	81	All tehsil except Pasikoh '	34	All tehsil except Pasikoh	25
	Pasikoh	56	Pasikoh	25	Pasikoh	19

Notes-1. Banjar land shall be valued at 12 paise.

2. Kallar, thur and sem hand shall be valued at 10 paise.

3. The kind of land us on 24th January, 1971, shall be considered.

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5.5.

VALUATION STATEMENT FOR KOHTAK DISTRICT

(Figures represent value in andas per acre)

	Nehri		Barani		Bhud		Chahl		Sallab	
Tchsil	Area ar assessment circle	Valua- tion	Area or assessment circle	Valua- tion						
1	2	3	4	5	6	<u> </u>	8	9	10	11
Rohtak	All tehsil	16	Nehri I, II iž 111 Rest	9 8	Nehri I, II 🕸 []] Rest	6	All schsil	16		
Gohana	All tehsil	17	Mohm	8	Mohm	4	All tehsil	17		' <u>-</u>
			Eastern. Western and	10	Eastern, Western and	6	_		-	_
			Southern	9	Southern		—	-		_
Sonepat	Bangar	16	All tehsil	ŋ	All tebsil	7	Bangar Khadir	17 16	All tehsil	12
Jhajjar	Nehri seasonal All tehsil	10	All (chsil	8	All (chsil	4	All tehsil	15	_	_

Notes-1. In Rohtak Tensil "Rest" includes Rajput and Barani Circle.

2. Banjar land shall be valued at 2 annas.

1.9.1.1

3. The kallar, thur and sem land shall be valued at $1\rm M_{2}$ annas.

4. The kind of land as on 24th January, 1971, shall be considered.

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