The Punjab Plastic Carry Bags (Manufacture, Usage and Disposal) Control Act, 2005

Act 17 of 2005

Keyword(s):
Bio-Degradable Garbage, Carry Bad, House Gully, Food, Pigments, Public Analyst, Recycle

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## THE PUNJAB PLASTIC CARRY BAGS (MANUFACTURE, USAGE AND DISPOSAL) CONTROL ACT, 2005
(PUNJAB ACT NO. 17 OF 2005)

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THE PUNJAB PLASTIC CARRY BAGS (MANUFACTURE, USAGE AND DISPOSAL) CONTROL ACT, 2005

(PUNJAB ACT NO. 17 OF 2005)

[Received the assent of the Governor of Punjab on the 11th November, 2005, and was first published for general information in the Punjab Government Gazette (Extraordinary), Legislative Supplement, dated the 16th December, 2005.]

An Act to provide for the control on the manufacture of plastic carry bags and other plastic products from the recycled plastic and pigmented carry bags, their use; and for the prohibition of disposal of non-bio-degradable plastic waste in public places, drains and sewers, for restoring and maintaining clean environment and for the matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Punjab in the Fifty-sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Punjab Plastic Carry Bags (Manufacture, Usage and Disposal) Control Act, 2005.

(2) It shall come into force at once, except the provisions of sections 14 and 17, which shall come into force after the expiration of a period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of its commencement.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "bio-degradable garbage" means the garbage or waste material capable of being degraded by the action of micro-organism;

(b) "building" means any shop, house, out-house, hut, shed or stable whether used for the purpose of human habitation or otherwise and whether of masonry, bricks, wood, mud, thatch, metal or any other material whatever; and includes a wall and a well;

(c) "carry bag" means the plastic carry bag whether it has a self-carrying handle or a "D" punched handle or not;

(d) "food" means any article used as food or drink for human consumption and includes,—

(i) any article which ordinarily enters into or is used in the composition or preparation of human food;

For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Punjab Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 7th October, 2005, page 2052.
any flavouring matter or condiment; and

(ii) any other article which the Government, may, having regard to its use, nature, substance or quality, declare by notification in the Official Gazette as food for the purpose of this Act;

(iii) "house gully" means a passage or strip of land constructed, set apart or utilized for the purpose of serving as or carrying a drain or affording access to the latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or other polluted matter, by the persons employed in the cleaning thereof or in the removal of such matter therefrom;

(iv) "local authority" means a Municipal Corporation, a Municipal Council, a Nagar Panchayat, a Zila Parishad, a Panchayat Samiti or a Gram Panchayat constituted or continued as such, as the case may be, under any law for the time being in force in the State of Punjab;

(v) "market" means a place where goods are sold and purchased for human use and includes any other place where persons assemble for sale of fruits, vegetables, food, meat, fish or any other articles for human use or consumption with or without the consent of the owner of such place, notwithstanding that there may be no common regulation for the concourse of the buyers and the sellers and whether or not any control is exercised over the business of, or the persons frequenting the market by the owner of the place or by any other person;

(vi) "non-biodegradable garbage" means the waste garbage or material, which is not bio-degradable by an action of micro-organism, and includes thermoplastic and thermo-set plastics, such as P.V.C., polyethylene, terephthlate, polypropylene, polyurethane, polycarbonate, polystyrene as specified in the Schedule appended to this Act;

(vii) "occupier" includes-

(i) any person, who for the time being is paying or is liable to pay to the owner, the rent or any portion of the rent of the land or building, as the case may be, in respect of which such rent is paid or is payable;

(ii) an owner in occupation of or otherwise using his land or building;

(iii) a tenant occupying any land or building without rent; and

(iv) any person, who is liable to pay to the owner damages for the use and occupation of any land or building;

(viii) "owner" includes a person, who for the time being is receiving or is entitled to receive the rent of any land or building whether on his own account or on account of himself and others or as an agent, trustee, guardian or receiver for any other person or who should so receive the rent or be entitled to receive it, if the land or building or part thereof were let to a tenant;

(ix) "pigments" means organic or inorganic chemical substances whether natural or synthetic, used for colouring the carry bags;

(x) "place" means any land or building or part of a building and includes the garden, ground and out-houses, if any, pertaining to a building or part of a building;

(xi) "place open to public view" includes any place or building, monument, fence or balcony visible to a person being in, or passing along any public place;

(xii) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(xiii) "Public Analyst" means a person appointed as such under section 8;

(xiv) "public place" means any place which is open to use and enjoyment of the public whether it is actually used or enjoyed by the public or not and includes a road, street, market, house-gully or way, whether thoroughfare or not, and landing place to which public are granted access or have a right to resort or over which they have a right to pass;

(xv) "recycle" means the process by which plastic waste is collected, segregated and processed for the purpose of manufacturing carry bags or any other plastic item for use;

(xvi) "section" means a section of this Act; and

(xvii) "State Government" means the Government of the State of Punjab.
3. No person shall manufacture or cause to be manufactured any carry bags from virgin plastic of thickness of not less than 30 micron and of a size, not less than 8" × 12" and of a colour, other than the specified colour.

4. (1) No person shall manufacture or cause to be manufactured for sale or use any recycled non-biodegradable plastic carry bags or containers with or without containing inorganic or organic pigments, plasticizers, lubricants and stabilizers, which are liable to cause poisoning of food during storing, carrying or packing of any item of food.

(2) No licence, for the manufacture, or sale of recycled carry bags referred to in sub-section (1), granted or received under any law before the commencement of this Act, shall entitle the holder thereof or any person on his behalf to commence or carry on such business.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 4, the State Government may, permit to manufacture carry bags from recycled plastic in such colour, size, thickness and purpose, as may be specified by it.

6. Every manufacturer shall print on each carry bag his name, address, registration number, size, thickness and the nature of plastic from which it is made and its codification as per IS: 14534: 1998.

7. No person shall use or cause to be used any recycled non-biodegradable plastic carry bag or container with or without containing organic pigments, plasticizers, lubricants and stabilizers, which are liable to cause poisoning of food for the purpose of storing, carrying or packing any item of food.

8. (1) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint or recognize a person or persons, as it thinks appropriate, having such qualifications, as may be prescribed, to be a Public Analyst for the purpose of analyzing and testing any plastic carry bag under this Act.

(2) The report of a Public Analyst shall be treated as a document of prescribed evidence in any proceeding under this Act.

9. The local authority may perform all or any of the following functions, namely:

(a) to carry out and sponsor investigation and research relating to the problem of plastic waste;

(b) to plan and organize the training to persons engaged in manufacture, use and disposal of plastics;

(c) to organize through the mass media a comprehensive programme regarding prevention of environment degradation due to plastics;

(d) to collect, compile and publish technical and statistical data relating to manufacture, use and disposal of plastic waste;

(e) to prepare manuals, guides relating to manufacture, use and disposal of plastics and disseminate information relating thereto;

(f) to make aware the general public about the harm of usage of plastics; and

(g) to perform such other functions, as may be prescribed.

10. (1) No person shall throw or cause to be thrown in any drain, ventilation shaft, pipe and fittings connected with the private or public drainage works or at any public place or in any place open to public view any non-biodegradable garbage or plastic or any bio-degradable garbage in a non-biodegradable bag, which may—

(a) injure the proper functioning of the drainage and sewerage system;

(b) interfere with the free flow or affect the treatment and disposal of drain and sewer contents;

(c) be dangerous or cause nuisance or be prejudicial to public health; or

(d) likely to be ingested by stray animals leading to serious health hazards.

(2) No person shall place or permit to be placed, except in accordance with such procedure and after complying with such safeguards, as may be prescribed, any bio-degradable or non-bio-degradable garbage in any public place or in a place open to public view, unless—

(a) the garbage is placed in a garbage receptacle; or

(b) the garbage is deposited in a location designated by the local authority having jurisdiction in the area for the disposal of the garbage.
Provision for placement of receptacles.

(3) If any person throws any bio-degradable or non-bio-degradable garbage at any public place or in any place open to public view, any person aggrieved of any such nuisance, may complain to the local authority.

11. It shall be the duty of the local authority or any officer authorized by it, to—

(a) place or provide at proper and convenient location public receptacles, depots or places for temporary deposit or collection of non-bio-degradable garbage;

(b) provide separate dustbins for temporary deposit of different kinds of non-bio-degradable garbage;

(c) provide for the removal of contents of receptacles, depots and temporary places for temporary deposit of different kinds of non-bio-degradable garbage;

(d) arrange for disposal of plastic waste in an environmentally sound manner.

12. It shall be the duty of the owners and occupiers of all lands and buildings to collect or cause to be collected from their respective land and buildings the non-bio-degradable garbage and to deposit, or cause to be deposited, in public receptacles, depots or places provided for temporary deposit or collection of the non-bio-degradable garbage by the local authority in the area.

13. The local authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier or part-owner, or person claiming to be the owner or part-owner, of any land or building, which has become a place of unauthorized stacking or deposit of non-bio-degradable garbage and is likely to occasion nuisance, to remove or cause to be removed the said garbage so stacked or collected, and if, in the opinion of such persons, it may deem appropriate.

14. (1) Whoever—

(a) contravenes the provisions of sections 3, 4 or 5 or fails to comply with any order or direction given under this Act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term, which shall not be less than three months and which may extend to one year or with fine of not more than twenty-five thousand rupees or with both; or

(b) contravenes the provisions of sections 6 or 7 or of any rule, notification or order made, issued or given under this Act, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term, which may extend to one month or with fine, which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

(2) Whoever having been convicted of an offence under this Act, is again found guilty and is convicted of an offence under this Act, shall be punishable with double the penalty provided for the offence.

(3) Whoever in any manner aids, abets or is accessory to the commission of an offence under this Act, shall, upon conviction, be punished with the same imprisonment as is specified for the commission of that offence.

15. (1) If the person committing any offence punishable under this Act, is a Company, every person, who at the time of the commission of the offence, was in-charge of, and responsible to the Company for the conduct of the business of the Company, as well as the Company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment provided in this Act, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where an offence under this Act has been committed by a Company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any gross negligence on the part of any Director, Manager, Secretary or other officer of the Company, such Director, Manager, Secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section—

(a) "Company" means any body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and

(b) "Director" in relation to a firm means a partner in the firm.

16. All offences under this Act shall be tried in a summary way by a Judicial Magistrate of the First Class and the provisions of sections 262 to 265 (both inclusive) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, shall, as far as may be, apply to such trials.
17. (1) Any offence punishable under this Act,—

(a) in the case of a manufacturer, before the institution of the prosecution, may be compounded, on payment of an amount not less than rupees fifty thousand for credit to the concerned local authority:

Provided that the compounding amount shall not be less than rupees one lac for any subsequent offence;

(b) in the case of any user, before the institution of the prosecution, may be compounded, on payment of an amount of not less than rupees two thousand for credit to the concerned local authority:

Provided that compounding amount shall not be less than rupees five thousand for any subsequent offence.

(2) Where any offence has been compounded under sub-section (1), no proceedings shall be taken against the offender, in respect of the offence so compounded, and if the offender is in custody, he shall be discharged immediately.

18. Any person aggrieved by an order made by a local authority under clause (a) of sub-section 13, may within a period of forty-five days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal to such authority, as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify.

The appellate authority after hearing the parties, may either accept the appeal or in case, it is not satisfied with the contentions made by the appellant, may reject the appeal.

19. The State Government may, from time to time, issue to the local authority such directions, as in its opinion, are necessary or expedient for carrying out the purposes of this Act and the rules made thereunder and the local authority shall comply with the directions so issued.

20. Where it is expedient so to do, the State Government, in consultation with the Public Analyst, may, by notification in the Official Gazette, add to, modify or omit from the Schedule appended to this Act any item and thereafter, the Schedule so added or modified shall be deemed to have been amended accordingly.

21. The State Government may, by order published in the Official Gazette, delegate any power exercisable by it under this Act, except the power to make rules under section 25 to such officer or an authority, as may be specified.

22. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against the State Government or the local authority or any officer or other employee of the State Government or of the local authority or any other person or authority, authorized by the State Government, for anything, which is done or intended to be done in good faith under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

23. (1) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act or the rules made thereunder, except on a complaint made by the local authority or an officer authorized by the State Government in this behalf.

(2) No court inferior to that of a Judicial Magistrate of the First Class, shall try any offence punishable under this Act.

24. The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to and not in derogation of the provisions of any other law on the subject, for the time being in force.

25. (1) The State Government may, subject to the condition of previous publication, make rules for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) for prescribing qualifications for appointing or recognizing a person as Public Analyst under sub-section (1) of section 8;

(b) for prescribing functions to be performed by the local authority under clause (g) of section 9;

(c) for prescribing procedure and safeguards to be complied with under sub-section (2) of section 10; and

(d) any other matter, which is required to be prescribed by or under this Act.

(3) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made before the House of the State Legislature, while it is in session, for a total period of ten days, which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the successive sessions as aforesaid, the House agrees in making any modification in the rules, or the House agrees, that the rules should not be made,
the rules shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done or omitted to be done under that rule.

26. (1) The Punjab Plastic Carry Bags (Manufacture, Usage and Disposal) Control Ordinance, 2005 (Punjab Ordinance No. 11 of 2005), is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the Ordinance referred to in sub-section (1), shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act.

SCHEDULE

[See section 2(h)]

NON-BIO-DEGRADABLE PLASTICS

(as per IS : 14534 : 1998)

1. Polyethylene Terephthalate (PET)
2. High Density Polyethylene (HDPE)
3. Poly Vinyl Chlorine (PVC)
4. Low Density Polyethylene (LDPE)
5. Polypropylene (PP)
6. Polystyrene (PS)
7. Others such as Polybutadiene
   Terephthalate (PBT), Acrilonitrile
   Butadiene Styrene (ABS) and Acrylic.
PART I

GOVERNMENT OF PUNJAB
DEPARTMENT OF LEGAL AND LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS,

PUNJAB

NOTIFICATION
The 23rd June, 2016

No. 25-Leg./2016.-The following Act of the Legislature of the State of Punjab received the assent of the Governor of Punjab on the 2nd day of May, 2016, is hereby published for general information:

THE PUNJAB PLASTIC CARRY BAGS (MANUFACTURE, USAGE AND DISPOSAL) CONTROL (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2016.

(Punjab Act No. 21 of 2016)

AN ACT

further to amend the Punjab Plastic Carry Bags (Manufacture, Usage and Disposal) Control Act, 2005.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Punjab in the Sixty-Seventh Year of the Republic of India, as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Punjab Plastic Carry Bags (Manufacture, Usage and Disposal) Control (Amendment) Act, 2016.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on and with effect from the 1st day of February, 2016.

2. In the Punjab Plastic Carry Bags (Manufacture, Usage and Disposal) Control Act, 2005, the provision of section 7 shall be numbered as sub-section (1) and after sub-section (1) so re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be added, namely:-

"(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sections 3, 4, 5 and sub-section (1) of section 7, the State Government, may by notification in the Official Gazette, completely prohibit to manufacture, stock, distribute, recycle, sale or use of plastic carry bags and containers made of virgin or recycled plastic and plastic items having one time use such as disposable plastic cups, tumblers, spoons, forks and straws."

3. (1) The Punjab Plastic Carry Bags (Manufacture, Usage and Disposal) Control (Amendment) Ordinance, 2016 (Punjab Ordinance No. 1 of 2016) is hereby repealed.

Short title and commencement.

Amendment of section 7 of Punjab Act 17 of 2005.

Repeal and Saving.
of 2016), is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the Ordinance referred to in sub-section (1), shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act.

VIVEK PURI,
Secretary to Government of Punjab,
Department of Legal and Legislative Affairs.

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