The West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961

Act 24 of 1961

Keyword(s):
Official Language, Bengali, Legislation

Amendments appended: 4 of 2018, 5 of 2018, 7 of 2019, 8 of 2021

DISCLAIMER: This document is being furnished to you for your information by PRS Legislative Research (PRS). The contents of this document have been obtained from sources PRS believes to be reliable. These contents have not been independently verified, and PRS makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy, completeness or correctness. In some cases the Principal Act and/or Amendment Act may not be available. Principal Acts may or may not include subsequent amendments. For authoritative text, please contact the relevant state department concerned or refer to the latest government publication or the gazette notification. Any person using this material should take their own professional and legal advice before acting on any information contained in this document. PRS or any persons connected with it do not accept any liability arising from the use of this document. PRS or any persons connected with it shall not be in any way responsible for any loss, damage, or distress to any person on account of any action taken or not taken on the basis of this document.
West Bengal Act XXIV of 1961
THE WEST BENGAL OFFICIAL LANGUAGE ACT, 1961.

Amended


[11th November, 1961.]

An Act to provide for the adoption of the Bengali language as the language to be used for the official purposes of the State of West Bengal including purposes of legislation.

It is hereby enacted in the Twelfth Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961.
(2) It extends to the whole of West Bengal.

2. With effect from such date,² not later than three years from the date of commencement of this Act, as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint in this behalf,—
   (a) in the three hill subdivisions of the district of Darjeeling, namely, Darjeeling, Kalimpong and Kurseong, the Bengali language and the Nepali language, and
   (b) elsewhere, the Bengali language, shall be the language or languages to be used for the official purposes of the State of West Bengal referred to in article 345 of the Constitution of India, and different dates may be appointed for different official purposes or for different areas in West Bengal:
   Provided that the issue of any such notification shall be without prejudice to—
   (i) the use of any language other than the Bengali language which is authorised by or under any law for the time being in force to be used for any purpose in any of the civil or criminal courts within the State of West Bengal, and
   (ii) the use of the English language in the examinations conducted by the Public Service Commission, West Bengal.

²For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see the Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary, dated the 12th September, 1961, Part IV, page 2334; for proceedings of the West Bengal Legislative Assembly, see the proceedings of the meeting of that Assembly held on the 25th September, 1961; and for proceedings of the West Bengal Legislative Council, see the proceedings of the meeting of that Council held on the 4th October, 1961.


²Substituted for the words “two years” by s. 2 of the West Bengal Official Language (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XXVII of 1965).
3. With effect from such date as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint in this behalf, the Bengali language shall be the language to be used—

(a) in Bills introduced in, and Acts passed by, the Legislature of West Bengal, Ordinances promulgated by the Governor of West Bengal under article 213 of the Constitution of India and rules, regulations and by-laws made by the State Government under the Constitution of India or under any law made by Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal; and

(b) in notifications or orders issued by the State Government under the Constitution of India or under any law made by Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal:

Provided that different dates may be appointed in respect of different matters referred to in clauses (a) and (b).

---

3A. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 3, with effect from such date as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint in this behalf, the Nepali language may, in addition to the Bengali language used for such—

(a) rules, regulations and by-laws made by the State Government under the Constitution of India or under any law made by Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal, and

(b) notifications or orders issued by the State Government under the Constitution of India or under any law made by Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal,

as apply to the three hill subdivisions of the district of Darjeeling, namely, Darjeeling, Kalimpong and Kurseong:

Provided that different dates may be appointed in respect of different matters referred to in clause (a) or (b).

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of section 3 and this section the words "law made by Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal" shall include any law made before or after the commencement of the Constitution of India by any legislature or other competent authority in the territory of India having power to make such a law.

---

1See foot-note 2 on p. 373, ante.
2Section 3A was inserted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Official Language (Amendment) Act, 1973 (West Ben. Act XXXIX of 1973).

XXIV of 1961.

(Sections 4-6.)

4. Notwithstanding—(a) the appointment of any day under section 2 or section 3 [or section 3A] for the coming into operation of the provisions thereof, or

(b) the expiration of the period of fifteen years from the commencement of the Constitution, the English language may, as from the day so appointed or from the day on which such period expires, as the case may be, continued to be used—

(i) for all official purposes of the State of West Bengal for which it was being used immediately before that day, and

(ii) for the transaction of business in the Legislature, in addition to any language or languages specified in section 2 or section 3.

5. A translation in the Bengali language or the Nepali language, published under the authority of the Governor in the Official Gazette,—

(a) of any Central Act or of any Ordinance promulgated by the President, or

(b) of any notification, order, rule, regulation or by-law issued by the Central Government under the Constitution or under any Central Act, or

(c) of any State Act or of any Ordinance promulgated by the Governor, or

(d) of any notification, order, rule, regulation or by-law issued by the State Government under the Constitution or under any State Act,

shall be deemed to be the authoritative text thereof in such language.

6. (1) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) Every rule made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before the State Legislature, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, the State Legislature agrees in making any modification in the rule or the State Legislature agrees that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

Section 4 was added by s. 2 of the West Bengal Official Language (Amendment) Act, 1964 (West Ben. Act XIX of 1964).

These words, figures and letter within square brackets were inserted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Official Language (Amendment) Act, 1973 (West Ben. Act XXXIX of 1973).

Sections 5 and 6 were inserted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Official Language (Amendment) Act, 1973 (West Ben. Act XXXIX of 1973).
PART II—Acts of the West Bengal Legislature.

GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL
LAW DEPARTMENT
Legislative
NOTIFICATION

No. 452-L.—5th April, 2018.—The following Act of the West Bengal Legislature, having been assented to by the Governor, is hereby published for general information:—

West Bengal Act IV of 2018

THE WEST BENGAL OFFICIAL LANGUAGE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2018.

[Passed by the West Bengal Legislature.]

[Assent of the Governor was first published in the Kolkata Gazette, Extraordinary, of the 5th April, 2018.]

An Act to amend the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961, for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted in the Sixty-ninth Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Official Language (Amendment) Act, 2018.

(2) It shall come into force on such date, as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

(Sections 2-5.)

2. In section 2 of the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in clause (aa), after the words "Punjabi speaking people", the words "or Kurukh speaking people" shall be inserted and for the words "and the Punjabi Language", the words "the Punjabi Language and the Kurukh Language" shall be substituted.

3. After section 3B of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted:—

"Use of Kurukh Language in rules and regulations, etc.

3C. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 3, section 3A and section 3B, with effect from such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint in this behalf, the Kurukh Language may, in addition to the Bengali Language, the Nepali Language, the Urdu Language, the Hindi Language, the Santhali Language, the Oriya Language and the Punjabi Language, be used for such—

(a) rules, regulations and by-laws made by the State Government under the Constitution of India or any law made by the Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal;

(b) notifications or order issued by the State Government under the Constitution of India or any law made by the Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal;

(c) petitions and applications and replies thereof, in public offices;

(d) documents received by public offices;

(e) important Government advertisement, announcement to be published; and

(f) important signposts to be exhibited,

as to apply in the Districts or Sub-division or Block or Municipality, as the case may be, where the population of Kurukh speaking people exceeds ten per cent as a whole or part of the District like Sub-division or Block, as may be notified by the State Government:

Provided that different dates may be appointed in respect of different matters referred to in clauses (a) to (f).

Explanation.— For the purpose of this section, the words ‘law made by Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal’ shall include any law made before or after the commencement of the Constitution of India by any Legislature or other competent authority in the territory of India having power to make such a law.”.

4. In section 4 of the principal Act, for the words, figure and letter “or section 3B”, the words, figures and letters “or section 3B or section 3C” shall be substituted.

5. In section 5 of the principal Act, for the words “or the Punjabi Language”, the words “or the Punjabi Language or the Kurukh Language” shall be substituted.

By order of the Governor,

SANDIP KUMAR RAY CHAUDHURI,
Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal,
Law Department.

[PART III]
PART III—Acts of the West Bengal Legislature.

GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL

LAW DEPARTMENT

Legislative

NOTIFICATION

No. 453-L.—5th April, 2018.—The following Act of the West Bengal Legislature, having been assented to by the Governor, is hereby published for general information:

West Bengal Act V of 2018

THE WEST BENGAL OFFICIAL LANGUAGE (SECOND AMENDMENT) ACT, 2018.

(Passed by the West Bengal Legislature.)

[Assent of the Governor was first published in the Kolkata Gazette, Extraordinary, of the 5th April, 2018.]

An Act to amend the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961, for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter appearing:

It is hereby enacted in the Sixty-ninth Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:

1. (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Official Language (Second Amendment) Act, 2018.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
2. In section 2 of the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in clause (aa),—

(1) for the words “Urdu speaking people”, the words “Urdu speaking people or Kamtapuri speaking people or Rajbanshi speaking people or Kurmali speaking people” shall be substituted;

(2) for the words “the Urdu Language”, the words “the Urdu Language, the Kamtapuri Language, the Rajbanshi Language, the Kurmali Language” shall be substituted.

3. After section 3A of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted:—

"Use of Kamtapuri, Rajbanshi and Kurmali Languages in rules and regulations, etc.

3AA. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 3, section 3A and section 3B, with effect from such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint in this behalf, the Kamtapuri, Rajbanshi and Kurmali Languages may, in addition to the Bengali Language, the Nepali Language, the Urdu Language, the Hindi Language, the Santhali Language, the Oriya Language and the Punjabi Language, be used for such—

(a) rules, regulations and by-laws made by the State Government under the Constitution of India or any law made by the Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal;

(b) notifications or order issued by the State Government under the Constitution of India or any law made by the Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal;

(c) petitions and applications and replies thereof, in public offices;

(d) documents received by public offices;

(e) important Government advertisement, announcement to be published; and

(f) important signposts to be exhibited,

as to apply in the Districts or Sub-division or Block or Municipality, as the case may be, where the population of Kamtapuri speaking people, Rajbanshi speaking people and Kurmali speaking people exceeds ten per cent as a whole or part of the District like Sub-division or Block, as may be notified by the State Government:

Provided that different dates may be appointed in respect of different matters referred to in the clauses (a) to (f).

Explanation.—For the purpose of this section, the words ‘law made by Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal’ shall include any law made before or after the commencement of the Constitution of India by any Legislature or other competent authority in the territory of India having power to make such a law.”.

4. In section 4 of the principal Act, for the words, figure and letter “or section 3A”, the words, figures and letters “or section 3A or section 3AA” shall be substituted.
The West Bengal Official Language
(Second Amendment) Act, 2018.

(Section 5.)

5. In section 5 of the principal Act, for the words “or the Nepali language”, the words “or the Nepali language or the Kamtapuri language or the Rajbanshi language or the Kurmali language” shall be substituted.

By order of the Governor,
SANDIP KUMAR RAY CHAUDHURI,
Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal,
Law Department.
GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL

LAW DEPARTMENT

Legislative

NOTIFICATION

No. 205-L.—26th February, 2021.—The following Act of the West Bengal Legislature, having been assented to by the Governor, is hereby published for general information:—

West Bengal Act VIII of 2021

THE WEST BENGALE OFFICIAL LANGUAGE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2021.

[Passed by the West Bengal Legislature.]

[Assent of the Governor was first published in the Kolkata Gazette, Extraordinary, of the 26th February, 2021.]

An Act to amend the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961, for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Official Language (Amendment) Act, 2021.
The West Bengal Official Language
(Amendment) Act, 2021.

(Sections 2-5.)

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. In section 2 of the West Bengal Official Language Act, 1961 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in clause (aa),—

(1) for the words “Kurmali speaking people”, the words “Kurmali speaking people or Telegu speaking people” shall be substituted;

(2) for the words “the Kurmali Language”, the words “the Kurmali Language, the Telegu Language” shall be substituted.

3. After section 3C of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted:

"Use of Telegu Language in rules and regulations etc.

3D. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 3, section 3A, section 3AA, section 3B and section 3C, with effect from such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint in this behalf, the Telegu Language may in addition to the Bengali Language, the Nepali Language, the Urdu Language, the Hindi Language, the Santhali Language, the Oriya Language, the Punjabi Language, the Kurukh Language, the Kamtapuri Language, the Rajbanshi Language and the Kurmali Language be used for such—

(a) rules, regulations and by-laws made by the State Government under the Constitution of India or any law made by the Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal;

(b) notification or order issued by the State Government under the Constitution of India or any law made by the Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal;

(c) petitions and applications and replies thereof, in public offices;

(d) documents received by public offices;

(e) important Government advertisement, announcement to be published; and

(f) important signpost to be exhibited,

as to apply in the District or Sub-division or Block or Municipality, as the case may be, where the population of Telegu speaking people exceeds ten per cent as a whole or part of the District like Sub-division or Block, as may be notified by the State Government:

Provided that different dates may be appointed in respect of different matters referred to in clauses (a) to (f).

Explanation.— For the purpose of this section, the words “law made by the Parliament or the Legislature of West Bengal” shall include any law made before or after the commencement of the Constitution of India by any Legislature or other competent authority in the territory of India having power to make such a law.”.

4. In section 4 of the principal Act, for the words, figure and letter “or section 3C”, the words, figures and letters “or section 3C or section 3D” shall be substituted.

5. In section 5 of the principal Act, for the words “or the Kurukh Language”, the words “or the Kurukh Language or the Telegu Language” shall be substituted.

By order of the Governor,

SUGATO MAJUMDAR,
Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal,
Law Department.