PART IV

Acts of Gujarat Legislature and Ordinances promulgated and Regulations made by the Governor.

AGRICULTURE, FARMERS WELFARE AND CO-OPERATION DEPARTMENT


GUJARAT ORDINANCE NO. 3 OF 2020.

AN ORDINANCE

further to amend the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1963.

WHEREAS the Legislative Assembly of the State of Gujarat is not in Session;

AND WHEREAS the Governor of Gujarat is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action to amend the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1963;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by clause (1) of article 213 of the Constitution of India, the Governor of Gujarat is hereby pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance, namely:

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1. **Short title and commencement.**—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. **Guj. 20 of 1964 to be temporarily amended.**—During the period of operation of this Ordinance, the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1963 (hereinafter referred to as “the principal Act”) shall have effect subject to the amendments specified in sections 3 to 26.

3. **Amendment of section 1 of Guj. 20 of 1964.**—In the principal Act, in section 1, for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:-

“(1) This Act may be called the Gujarat Agricultural Produce and Livestock Marketing (Promotion and Facilitation) Act, 1963.”.

4. **Amendment of section 2 of Guj. 20 of 1964.**—In the principal Act, in section 2,-

(1) for clause (i), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

“(i) “agriculture produce” means all produce, whether processed or not, of agriculture, horticulture and includes livestock, specified in the Schedule;”;

(2) for clause (ii), the following clause shall be substituted, namely: -

“(ii) “agriculturist” means a person who ordinarily by himself or who by his tenants or hired labour or otherwise is engaged in the production or growth of agricultural produce including rearing of livestock, but does not include a trader or broker in agricultural produce or livestock although such a trader or broker may also be engaged in the production or growth of agricultural produce or livestock. It also includes association of farmers by whatever name called, registered under any law for the time being in force and is engaged in aggregation of member farmers produce including livestock;”;

(3) after clause (iii), the following clause shall be inserted, namely: -

“(iii)a”buyer” means a person, who himself or itself or on behalf of any person or agent buys or agrees to buy agricultural produce in the market;”: 
(4) after clause (iv), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-
“(iv-a) “cold storage” means a cold storage as may be declared as market sub-yard under this Act;”;

(5) after clause (v-aaa), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-
“(v-aab) “direct marketing” in relation to agricultural produce means direct wholesale purchase of agricultural produce from the farmers by the processors, exporters, bulk buyers and such other person outside the principal market yard, sub-market yard, private market yard and market sub-yard, or e-market established under section 31C;”;

(6) after clause (vi-a), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:-
“(vi-ab)“electronic trading (e-trading)” means trading of notified agricultural produce in which registration, auctioning, billing, booking, contracting, negotiating, exchange of information, record keeping and such other connected activities are done electronically on computer network or internet;

(vi-ac)“electronic trading platform (e-trading platform)” means electronic platform set up either by the State Government or its agency or a person licensed under this Act for conducting trading in notified agricultural produce through electronic media or by any means of communication in which registration, buying and selling, billing, booking, contracting and negotiating are carried out online through computer network or internet or any other such electronic device;”;

(7) after clause (vi-aaa), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:-
“(vi-aab) “farmer-consumer market” means a market yard established under section 31E;

(vi-aac)“farmer-producer company(FPC)” means a company of farmer-producer members incorporated and registered as such with the Registrar of Companies under the Companies Act, 2013;
(vi-aad) “Government agency” means Government of Gujarat or its department concerned dealing with agricultural produce marketing or the Director or the Board, as the case may be;”;

(8) for clause (vii), the following clause shall be substituted, namely: -
“(vii) “general commission agent” a person who bonafide buys or sells agricultural produce on behalf of his principal, or facilitates buying or selling at primary and other level transactions on e-platform or any other mode of transaction and activities ancillary thereto, keeps it in his custody and controls it during the process of its sale or purchase and collects payment thereof, if required, from the buyer and pays it to the seller for an agreed commission, any agricultural produce on behalf of another person and does or offers to do anything necessary for completing and carrying out the transaction of such sale or purchase;”;

(9) for clause (ix), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-
“(ix) “licence” means the license granted under the provisions of this Act;”;

(10) for clause (x), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-
“(x) “licensee” means a person holding a license granted under the provisions of this Act;”;

(11) after clause (x), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-
“(x-a) “livestock” means a cow, buffalo, bullock, bull, horse, donkey, camel, goat and sheep; and includes poultry, fish and such other animals and products thereof, as may be specified in the Scheduled; ”;

(12) in clause (xii-a), after the words “sub-market yard”, the words “market sub-yard” shall be inserted;

(13) after clause (xii-a), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-
“(xii-aa) “marketing” in relation to agriculture produce means all activities involved in the flow of agricultural produce from production point commencing at the stage of harvest till the same reaches to the ultimate consumers, viz. grading, processing, storage, transport, channels of distribution and all other functions involved in the process;”;

(14) after clause (xiii-a), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

“(xiii-aa) “market sub-yard” means warehouse, silos, cold storage enclosure building or such other structure or place or locality declared to be market sub-yard or deemed to be market sub-yard under section 7A;”;

(15) after clause (xiv-a), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

“(xiv-aa) “Market Yard of National Importance” means a market yard designated or notified as such under section 7AA;”;

(16) after clause (xv), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:-

“(xv-a) “national agriculture market (NAM)” means an integrated market, without prejudice to any law for the time being in force, where buying and selling of notified agricultural produce and activities incidental thereto are carried out in India possessing marketing utility across time and space;

(xv-ab) “over trading” in relation to a trader means the amount exceeding the value of the notified agricultural produce purchased at any point of time vis-à-vis to the amount of security deposited with or the bank guarantee furnished to the market committee by the trader;

(xv-ac) “person” includes individual, a co-operative society, Hindu Undivided Family, a company or firm or an association or a body of individuals, whether incorporated or not;

(xv-ad) “petty trader” in relation to agricultural produce means a non licensee trader who carries on purchasing or selling of notified agricultural produce in the quantity not exceeding such quantity as may be notified by the Director;”;


(17) after clause (xvii-aaa) the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

“(xvii-aab) “processing unit” means processing unit declared as market sub-yard under this Act;”;

(18) for clause (xvii-aaaa), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

“(xvii-aab) “registration” means registration made under this Act;”;

(19) after clause (xx), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:-

“(xx-b) “seller” means a person who sells or agrees to sell agricultural produce for consideration of a price;

“(xx-c) “Schedule” means the Schedule appended to this Act;”;

(20) after clause (xxi), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

“(xxia) “silo” means silo declared as market sub-yard under section 7A;”;

(21) for clause (xxiii), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

“(xxiii) “trader” means a person who carries on the business of buying or selling of notified agricultural produce either for himself and includes a co-operative society, joint family or an association of persons whether incorporated or not which carries such business for the purpose of selling, processing, manufacturing, or for the any purpose, as the case may be, except for the purpose of domestic consumption by himself;”;

(22) after clause (xxiii-aa), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

“(xxiii-ab) “U T” means Union Territory as specified in the First Schedule to the Constitution of India;”;

(23) after clause (xxiii-aaa), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

“(xxiii-aab) “warehouse” means warehouse declared as a market sub-yard under section 7A;”.
5. **Amendment of section 5 of Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, in section 5,-

(1) to sub-section (3), the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:-

“Provided that livestock market shall be established and operated under the rules as may be prescribed subject to the provisions of this Act.”;

(2) after sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:-

“(4) The State Government may hold consultations with local authorities, including Panchayati Raj Institutions who own and operate rural periodical markets or haats or any other such markets for marketing of agricultural produce within their area of jurisdiction to bring such markets under the regulation of this Act, so as to develop these markets for efficiently function as marketing platform nearest to the farm gate.”.

6. **Insertion of new section 5A in Guj.20 of 1964.** --In the principal Act, after section 5, the following section shall be inserted, namely:-

“5A. Subject to the notification made under section 5 and after considering such objections and suggestions as may be received before the expiry of period as specified in the notification, the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, declare the whole State as one unified market area as specified in the said notification for the purposes of regulation of marketing of all or any of the kinds of notified agricultural produce specified in the notification issued under this Act.”.

7. **Amendment of section 7 of Guj.20 of 1964.** --In the principal Act, in section 7, -

(1) in sub-section (1), for clause (ii), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:-

“(ii) sub-market yards,
(ii-a) market sub-yards, if any, and;”;

Declaration of whole State as one Unified Market Area.
(2) in sub-section (3), after the words “sub-market yards” the words market sub-yard” shall be inserted.

8. Insertion of new sections 7A and 7AA in Guj. 20 of 1964.-- In the principal Act, after section 7, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:

“7A. (1) The State Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, declare any place in the market area as the principal market yard or sub-market yard or market sub-yard or farmer consumer market yard, as the case may be, manage by a market committee, for the purpose of regulation of marketing of notified agricultural produce, expressly or impliedly in physical, electronic or such other mode under this Act.

Explanation.- In the sub-section the expression “place” shall include any structure, enclosure, open space locality, street including warehouse, silos, pack house, cleaning, grading and packaging and processing unit in the market area.

(2) The State Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, declare a “place” to be private market yard, private market sub-yard, private farmer-consumer market yard, as the case may be, for marketing of notified agricultural produce and livestock, expressly or impliedly in physical, electronic or other such mode under this Act.

Explanation.- In the sub-section the expression “place” shall include any structure, enclosure, open space locality, including warehouse, silos, pack house, cleaning, grading and packaging and processing unit and vested in the person licensed for the purpose under this Act.

(3) the owner of such warehouse, silos, cold storage or such other structure or place, as the case may be, desirous of declaration of such place as market sub-yard under sub-section (1) shall apply to the Director or an officer authorized in this behalf by him
(hereinafter referred to as “authorized officer”) in such manner with such fee; for such period which shall not be less than three years, as may be prescribed.

(4) The licensee of such warehouse, silos, cold storage or such other structure or place, may collect market fee on notified agricultural produce and may collect user charge on de-notified agricultural produce transacted at the market sub-yard declared under sub-section (1) at the *ad valorem rate* not exceeding the rates as notified by the State Government:

Provided that no user charge shall be collected from agriculturists seller.

(5) The Licensee of such market sub-yard shall contribute, of such market fee, user charges collected, to the separate “Development Fund” account maintained by the Board at the rate in percentage at par with market committee. The Fund shall be utilized for the purposes and in the manner as provided *mutatis mutandis* in section 34 O.

7AA. The State Government may designate and notify any existing market yard established under section 7 as a “Market Yard of National Importance” or establish and notify any market as a “Market Yard of National Importance” after consideration of such aspects as total throughput, value, upstream catchment area, downstream number of consumers served and special infrastructure requirements therefor:

Provided that the market yard handling not less than such annual tonnage or such annual value, as may be prescribed, may be considered for conferring the status as the a “Market Yard of National Importance:

Provided further that out of such annual tonnage or such annual value, 30 per cent. may arrive from not less than two other States.”.
9. **Amendment of section 10 of Guj. 20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, in section 10, in sub-section (2),-

(1) for the words and figures “the Bombay General Clauses Act, 1904”, the words and figures “the Gujarat General Clauses Act, 1904” shall be substituted;

(2) the following provisos shall be added, namely:-

“Provided that no immovable or movable property the value of which exceeds the prescribed limits shall be acquired or disposed of by the Market Committee without the prior permission of the Director:

Provided further that the Director may, for the reasons to be recorded in writing, revoke such permission before the completion of the acquisition or execution of the deed, as the case may be:

Provided also that market committee may, with the prior approval of the Director and after obtaining valuation certificate from the prescribed officer enter into agreement with the owner of any land or building and purchase such land or building.”.

10. **Amendment of section 11 of Guj. 20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, in section 11,-

(1) in sub-section (1),-

(a) in clause (i), for the word “eight”, the word “ten” shall be substituted;

(b) in clause (ii), for the words “by the traders holding general licences”, the words “by the commission agents or traders, as the case may be whose licence granted or renewed under section 27 or 27A;” shall be substituted;

(c) in clause (iii), after the proviso, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:-

“Provided further that for voting as well as for being elected to represent their respective class under clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) above, the person shall be eligible as a voter for any one market committee of the State and also eligible to represent the same market committee and no other market committee of the State in the manner as may be prescribed;”;
(2) after sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:-

“(4A) Save as otherwise provided in this Act, no elected person shall be a member of the market committee continuously for more than two terms:

Provided that the existing elected member on the date of commencement of the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020, who has been continuously holding the office for more than two terms shall continue as a member till his term expires.”.

11. Insertion of new sections 11A to 11E in Guj.20 of 1964. -- In the principal Act, after section 11, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:-

“11A. (1) Save as provided under section 11, the State Government may, by notification, in the Official Gazette, constitute a separate market committee for effective implementation of provisions of this Act for such market yard located in the State of Gujarat which is considered as the “Market Yard of National Importance (MNI) established under section 7AA.

(2) All provisions for and in relation to the Market Committee, including election of the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and members made in the Act, shall mutatis mutandis apply to the market committee constituted for “Market yard of National Importance.”.

(3) Save as provided under section 11, the market committee of Market Yard of National Importance shall consist of –

(i) a Chairperson;
(ii) a Vice-Chairperson;
(iii) 10 (ten) Agriculturist;

out of which two agriculturists, one each from two other States where from arrivals are received in the MNI, to be nominated by the respective State Government on receipt of request for such nomination received from the State Government where MNI is located;
(iv) one trader holding the single unified licence, resident of a market area, elected from amongst the licensed traders resident of such market area;

(v) one trader holding the Inter-State trading licence nominated by the respective State Government;

(vi) one representative of licensed commission agent as the member in the prescribed manner;

(vii) the Adviser to the Government of India (Agricultural Marketing) or his nominee not below the rank of Under Secretary to the Government of India;

(viii) the Chief Executive Officer or Municipal Commissioner of the city or, as the case may be, the President of the Municipality or his nominee;

(ix) the Chief Town Planner or the authority exercising such powers or his nominee;

(x) the Director or his nominee ex-officio, not below the rank of Under Secretary to the Government of India;

(xi) the Managing Director of the Board, ex-officio, or his nominee not below the rank of Under Secretary to the Government of India;

(xii) the Executive Member, to be appointed by the State Government who shall function as the Secretary of the market committee;

11B. The Secretary of the market committee shall be appointed by the State Government from amongst the State Civil Service Officers at least with ten years of service or from the panel of professionals so maintained or on deputation from the State Government having experience of ten years in agricultural marketing.

11C. (1) The Executive Committee for MNI shall consist of-

(i) the Chairperson of MNI;
(ii) the Vice-Chairperson of MNI;
(iii) a trader holding the single unified licence of MNI;
(iv) the Director or his nominee, ex-officio, not below the rank of Under Secretary to the Government of India;
(v) the Managing Director of the Board, *ex- officio*, or his nominee not below the rank of the Under Secretary to the Government of India;

(vi) the Executive Member of the market committee of MNI. who shall act as the Member-Secretary of the Executive Committee.

(2) In case of emergency, the Executive Committee may decide issues requiring approval of the market committee. However, such decision shall be approved by the market committee within forty-five days from the date such decisions are taken. In case the decision is not taken within the said time limit, or in the event of disapproval of such decision by the market committee, such decision shall stand null and void, so however, that any such disapproval shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under the decision of the Executive Committee:

Provided that if the market committee makes any modification in such decision, the decision shall have effect to the extent of modification from the date of such decision.

(3) The Executive Committee shall meet as often as necessary but at least once in a calendar month.

11D. The Executive Committee of MNI shall be constituted from time to time as may be prescribed by the State Government.

11E. All other provisions of this Act, not specified for “Market yard of National Importance”, also shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to MNI established and notified under section 11A.”.

12. *Amendment of section 27 of Guj.20 of 1964.* -- In the principal Act, in section 27,—
(1) in sub-section (1), the word “trader” shall be deleted;
(2) in sub-section (2), for the words “commission agents, or traders”, the words “or commission agents” shall be substituted.
13. **Insertion of new section 27A in Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, after section 27, the following section shall be inserted, namely: -

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27A. (1) There shall be a single licence applicable to the whole of the State for the trader to be granted or renewed by the Director or the officer authorised by him in such manner and in such form, as may be prescribed, to operate as trader in any principal market yard, sub-market yard, market sub-yard, private market yard and sub-yard, e-trading platform or any other space identified for the purpose, in the State. The existing trader licences granted by the market committees shall be converted into State wide single trader licence by the Director or the officer authorized by him, within six months from the date of commencement of the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020. Until then, the existing trader licences granted by the market committees shall be deemed to have been the State wide single trader licences:

Provided that the licence fee shall be payable to the concerned market committee.

Explanation: Private market licensee or other such licensee or its management committee may, register the unified single trading licence holder issued by Director or the officer authorized by him, to allow to operate in such market yards.

(2) The Licences may be granted under sub-section (1) in such form, for such periods, on such terms and conditions and restrictions (including any provisions for prohibiting brokers and commission agents from acting in any transactions both as buyer and seller, or on behalf of both the buyer and seller, and provision for regulating advances, if any, to be made to agriculturist by brokers, commission agents or traders and any provisions for prescribing the manner in which and the places at which auctions of agricultural produce shall be conducted and the bids made and accepted and places at which
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weighment and delivery of agricultural produce shall be made in any market area) as may be prescribed or determined by laws and on payment of fees determined by the market committee within such maxima as may be prescribed.

(3) The Director or the authorised officer may, after such inquiry as he deems fit to make and after giving, in the prescribed manner, the licensee a reasonable opportunity of being heard, suspend or cancel a licence issued under this section on any of the following grounds,-

(a) that, the licence has been obtained through wilful misrepresentation or fraud;

(b) that, the licensee himself or in collusion with other licensee commits any act or obtains from carrying on his normal business in the market with an intention to wilfully obstruct, suspend or stop the marketing of notified agricultural produce in any type of market and in consequence where of, the marketing of notified agricultural produce has been obstructed, suspended or stopped;

(c) that, the licensee is found to have contravened any of the provisions of this Act or the rules or bye-laws;

(d) that, the licensee has been convicted of an offence punishable under this Act or rules or bye-laws;

(e) that, the licensee has become insolvent;

(f) that, the licensee incurs any disqualification on grounds as may be prescribed.

(4) The holder of such licence shall, whose licence has been suspended or cancelled under this section shall forthwith produce the same to the Director or the authorised officer in this behalf for making endorsement in the prescribed manner; and he shall not be entitled to any claim on account of such suspension or cancellation any compensation or for the refund of the whole or any part of the licence fee.
(5) The holder of license whose licence has been suspended under this section may prefer an appeal to the State Government in the prescribed manner.

(6) If in respect of any holder of a licence, it appears to the Director that on any ground specified in sub-section (3), an action under that sub-section by the market committee was necessary but that the market committee has not taken any such action, the Director may, on any such ground and for reasons to be recorded in writing and after giving a reasonable opportunity to the holder of the licence to be heard, by order suspend or cancel any licence granted or renewed under this section.

(7) Any person aggrieved by an order refusing to grant or renew a licence or suspending or cancelling any licence may, appeal within thirty days from the date of communication of the order to him, to the State Government, if such order has been made by the Director or the authorised officer.

(8) The State Government after giving the appellant a reasonable opportunity of being heard, shall on such appeal make such order as it deem just and proper.

(9) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), a licence holder shall be eligible as a voter for any of one market committee of the State and shall eligible to represent the same market committee and no other market committee of the State in the manner as may be prescribed.”.

14. Amendment of section 28 of Guj.20 of 1964. -- In the principal Act, in section 28,-

(1) in sub-section (1), for the words “the agricultural produce bought or sold in the market area”, the words “the agricultural produce bought or sold in the principal market yard, sub-market yard or market sub-yard either brought from outside the State or from within the State” shall be substituted;

(2) in sub-section (2), for the proviso to clause (b), the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:-
“Provided that in case any agricultural produce is found to have been processed, sold or resold or dispatched outside the principal market yard, sub-market yard or market sub-yard without payment of market fee, or user charges payable under clause (ii) of sub-section (3) of this section, on such produce, the market fee or user charges shall be levied and recovered two times of such leviable and recoverable amount.”;

(3) for the words “market area” wherever occur in section 28, the words “the principal market yard, sub-market yard or market sub-yard” shall be substituted.

15. **Insertion of new section 28AA in Guj 20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, after section 28, the following section shall be inserted, namely:-

**“28AA.** The market committee may levy and collect entrance fee on vehicles which may enter into market yard at such rate as may be specified in bye-laws:

Provided that no such fee shall be levied and collected from agriculturist-seller.”.

16. **Insertion of new section 28B in Guj. 20 of 1964.**-- In the principal Act, after section 28A, the following section shall be inserted, namely:-

**“28B.** The market committee may write off any fee, user charges or the amount whatsoever due to it, whether under a contract or otherwise, or any amount payable in addition therewith if in its opinion such a fee, user charge or an amount is irrecoverable:

Provided that the market committee shall, before writing off any such fee, user charges or the amount, obtain the previous sanction of the Director, if the fee or amount exceeds rupees one lakh.”

17. **Insertion of new sections 30A and 30B in Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, after section 30, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:-
“30A. An officer or employee of a market committee duly empowered by the State Government in this behalf shall have power to remove any encroachment in the areas of the principal market yard and sub-market yard and the expenses of such removal shall liable to be paid by the person who has caused the said encroachment and the same shall be recovered in the same manner as an arrear of land revenue.

30B. (1) The manual or electronic weighing instruments which complies the requirements of such weights and measures as are prescribed by the prevailing Act or the rules made thereunder shall be used for weighing or measuring agricultural produce as required, in the principal market yard, sub-market yard, market sub-yard, private market yard and farmer – consumer market yard:

Provided that in transactions of sale and purchase of agricultural produce, electronic balance may preferably be used.

(2) The Weighing instruments, weights and measures kept by the market committee under this section may from time to time be inspected, examined and checked by the Director or the Managing Director or the authorized officer.”.

18. Insertion of new Chapters IVAA and IVAAA in Guj. 20 of 1964. -- In the principal Act, after section 31R, the following Chapters and sections shall be inserted, namely:-
31S. (1) No person shall establish and run any electronic trading platform for trading in notified agricultural produce without obtaining a licence under section 31T.

(2) Save as provided in sub-section (1), the State Government or its agency may, however, establish and run e-trading platform for trading in notified agricultural produce in the manner as may be prescribed.

31T. (1) Any person desirous of establishing an e-trading platform under section 31S, shall apply for grant of licence to the Director in such form and such manner along with such fee; and security or bank guarantee and subject to fulfilling such terms and conditions, as may be prescribed.

(2) The application received under sub-section (1) for grant or renewal of license may be granted or rejected for reasons to be recorded in writing:

Provided that the application received under this section may be liable to be rejected for any of the reasons mutatis mutandis to the reasons specified in section 31F.

(3) The e-trading platform managed and operated by a person or the State Government or its agency, as the case may be, may provide all infrastructures and services connected with e-trading, in the prescribed manner.

(4) The licensee or its management committee, may collect market fee for notified agricultural produce or user charges for those items of the agricultural produce which are not specified in the notification published under sub-section (1) of section 5 not exceeding the rates
as may be prescribed by the State Government on transaction of sale on the e-trading platform:

Provided that no user charge shall be collected from agriculturist-seller.

(5) The licensee of e-trading platform shall contribute of such market fee or of such user charge collection, to the separate “Development Fund” maintained by the Board at the rate in percentage at par with market committee. The Fund shall be utilised for the purposes of development of common marketing infrastructure, skill development, training, research and pledge financing and such other activities as will aid in creating efficient marketing system in the State.

31U. A licence holder under section 7A for market sub-yard, desirous to link to e-platform of the Government of India, may apply, through the State Government or its agency, to the Government of India, Department of Agriculture, Co-operation and Farmers’ Welfare, in such form, along with such fee and in such manner, as may be prescribed by the Central Government.

31V. A licensee of private market yard desirous of integrating with e-trading portal, may apply through the State Government or its agency to the Central Government in such manner as may be prescribed by the Central Government.

31W. In order to evolve a unified National Agricultural Market and integrate various e-platforms, the applications in the e-platform shall be inter-operable as per specifications and standards laid down by the Director subject to the directions of the Central Government.

31X.(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the payment of notified agricultural produce traded on e-platform shall be made in the same day of the sale transaction to the seller or in
the maximum next day, if procedurally so required. In procedural exigencies on electronic trading, the payment to the seller may be made in such manner, as may be prescribed.

(2) The licensee or the market committee, as the case may be, shall maintain proper accounts of all the transactions taken place on electronic platform (e-platform) and submit such periodical reports and returns to the Managing Director or the authorized officer, at such time and in such forms, as may be prescribed by the Director, from time to time.

31Y. (1) The Director may, for the reasons to be recorded in writing suspend or cancel the licence granted under section 31T, if-

(a) the licence has been obtained through wilful misrepresentation or fraud; or

(b) the holder of licence or his representative or anyone acting on his behalf with his expressed or implied permission, commits a breach of any of the rules, regulations and terms or conditions of licence; or

(c) the holder of licence himself or in combination with other licence holder commits any act or abstains from carrying on his normal business in the market area with the intention of wilfully obstructing, suspending or stopping the marketing of notified agricultural produce; or

(d) the holder of the licence has become insolvent; or

(e) the holder of the licence incurs any disqualification, as may be prescribed; or

(f) the holder of the licence is convicted of any offence punishable under this Act.

(2) No licence shall be suspended or cancelled under this section without giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to its holder.
31Z. Any dispute arising between licensees of e-trading platforms, under section 31T or between the licensees and market committee or the State agency shall be referred to the Director or the authorized officer, and the Director or the authorized officer shall in summary manner within thirty days, after giving the parties a reasonable opportunity of being heard resolve the dispute and the decision of the Director or the authorized officer shall be final.

31ZA. In case of any dispute arising out of inter-State trade transaction on e-platform or any other platform, the State Government may become part of such Authority, which may be constituted by the Central Government.

CHAPTER-IVAAA
REGULATION OF TRADING

31ZB. (1) All notified agricultural produce shall ordinarily be sold in the principal market yards, sub-market yards and market sub-yards, private market yards or at the electronic trading platforms licenced under this Act:

Provided that the notified agricultural produce may be sold at other places also to a licence holder especially permitted by a market committee in this behalf under this Act.

(2) In relation to agricultural produce, nothing in the sub-section (1) shall apply to the following sale and purchase where –

(i) sale is made by the producer himself to any person for his domestic consumption in quantity up to such limits as may be prescribed;

(ii) brought for sale by head load;

(iii) purchase and sale is made by a petty trader;

(iv) purchase is made by an authorised fair price shop dealer from the Food Corporation of India, (FCI) “the State
Civil Supplies Corporation” or any other agency or institution authorized by the Central or the State Government for distribution of essential commodities through the public distribution system; and

(v) the transfer of such agricultural produce to a co-operative society for the purpose of securing an advance therefrom.

(3) In relation to livestock, nothing in the sub-section (1) shall apply to the business of purchasing or selling of livestock not exceeding such value and numbers as may be prescribed.

(4) The price of the notified agricultural produce, brought for sale in the principal market yards, sub-market yards, private market yards, market sub-yards, electronic trading platform shall be settled by tender bid or open auction including e-auction and no deduction shall be made from the agreed price on any account whatsoever from the seller.

(5) Weighment or measurement or counting of all the notified agricultural produce so purchased shall be done by such person and in such manner as provided in the Bye-laws or, at any other place specified for the purpose by the market committee.

31ZC. (1) Except in the commercial transaction between two traders, any other person who buys notified agricultural produce in the principal market yards, sub-market yards and market sub-yards, shall execute an agreement (kabala) in triplicate in such form, as may be prescribed. One copy of the agreement (kabala) shall be kept by the buyer, one copy shall be supplied to the seller and the remaining copy shall be kept in the record of market committee or as the case may be the managing body.

(2) The price of the notified agricultural produce transacted in the principal market yards, sub-market yards, private market yards, market sub-yards or at e-platforms shall be paid on the same day to
the seller or in the maximum next day if procedurally so required. Payment on notified agricultural produce shall also be made to agriculturist-seller, licensee of the direct marketing, if sold on the same day there itself.

(3) The Commission agent shall recover his commission from his principal trader at the rate not exceeding two percent _ad valorem_ on transaction of non-perishable agricultural produce; while in case of perishable agricultural produce, it shall not exceed four percent _ad valorem_ on transaction of agricultural produce, including all expenses as may be incurred by him in storage of the agricultural produce and other services rendered by him:

Provided that no commission shall be collected from farmer-seller.

31ZD.(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the State Government may allow the holder of unified single trading license bearing unicode, issued by any other State or Union Territory to undertake trade transaction within its geographical jurisdiction on e-platform or any other format including physical that may be in operation, as a trader, in the manner as may be prescribed.

(2) Such licensee shall be liable to pay the market fee and other marketing charges at the rate applicable in the State of Gujarat for the transactions of trade taken place in the State of Gujarat in the manner as may be prescribed.

(3) In case of contravention of any of the provisions of this Act or the rules or bye-laws or any direction, the Director or the Managing Director or market committee, as the case may be, shall, after giving an opportunity to be heard, prohibit such licensee for trading purpose only within their respective jurisdiction, where a contravention has occurred, for a certain period or forever based on the gravity of breach or violation of provisions of this Act or the rules or the bye-laws or directions.
(4) The Director or the Managing Director of market committee of the respective jurisdiction, wherein the contravention has occurred, may simultaneously submit a proposal containing details of the type and nature of contravention with evidence, to the concerned authority of the licence issuing State for taking further appropriate action against the licensee.”.

19. **Amendment of section 34M of Guj. 20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, for section 34M, the following section shall be substituted, namely:--

"34M. (1) Every market committee shall pay to the Board as contribution an amount equal to such percentage of its income not exceeding two per cent. of its income derived from licence fee and market fee as may be prescribed from time to time by the State Government.

(2) Every licensee of private market yard, private market sub-yard, e-trading platform and direct marketing purchaser shall contribute of its income derived from licence fee and market fee at such rate not exceeding two per cent, in the manner as may be prescribed, to the “Development Fund” maintained by the Board. Out of the said contribution Eighty per cent. shall be given to the concerned local market committee and twenty per cent. shall be retained by the Board as the Development Fund.

(3) The State Government may, every year, make payment to the Board, by way of contribution or grants of an amount not less than five per cent. of the aggregate amount contributed to the Board by the market committees under this section.

(4) The Board may spend the fund, so maintained under sub-section (2), in development of common marketing infrastructure, skill development, training, research and pledge financing and for such other activities as would aid in creating an efficient marketing system in the State.”."
20. **Insertion of new section 42A in Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, after section 42, the following section shall be inserted, namely:

"42A. (1) No civil court shall have jurisdiction to settle, decide or deal with any question or to determine any matter which is by or under this Act required to be settled, decided or dealt with.

(2) No court shall take cognizance of an offence under this Chapter, except upon a complaint made by the Director or the Managing Director or by any other officer authorized by him in this behalf.”.

21. **Insertion of new section 43A in Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, after section 43, the following section shall be inserted, namely:

"43A. (1) The market committee may accept a sum of money as decided by it from any person who has contravened any of the provisions of the Act, the rules or the bye-laws, made thereunder by way of compounding of such offence where the offence consists of the failure to pay or the evasion of any fee, user charge, or other amount leviable and recoverable under this Act, the rules or the bye-laws in addition to the fee, user charge or other amount so leviable and recoverable, a sum of money not less than the amount of the fee or other amount and not more than two times the amount of fee or other amount.

(2) On compounding of any offence under sub-section (1), no proceedings shall be taken or continued against the person concerned in respect of such an offence, and if any proceedings in respect of that offence have already been instituted against him in any court, the compounding shall have effect of dropping of charges against him.”.
22. **Amendment of section 47 of Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, in section 47, after sub-section (2), the following sub-sections shall be added, namely:

“(3) Where the Director is satisfied that the books of accounts and records of a market committee are likely to be suppressed, tampered with or destroyed, or the funds and property of a market committee are likely to be misappropriated or misapplied, the Director may by order direct for seizure and taking possession of the books of accounts, records and property of the market committee.

(4) On receipt of the order under sub-section (3), the police officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector of the local area shall enter and search any place where the records and property are kept or are likely to be kept and to seize them and hand over possession thereof to the Director or the person authorised by him, as the case may be.”.

23. **Insertion of new section 49A in Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, after section 49, the following section shall be inserted, namely:

Power to borrow.

“49A. (1) The market committee may, with the previous sanction of the Director, raise money from banks, Government approved financial institutions, required for carrying out the purposes for which it is established on the security of any property vested in it and of any fees or user charge leviable by it under this Act.

(2) The market committee may, for the purpose of meeting the initial expenditure on lands, buildings, staff and equipments required for establishing the market, obtain a loan from the State Government or the Board or other approved financial institution.

(3) The terms and conditions subject to which money or loan shall be raised or obtained under sub-sections (1) or (2) and the time limit within which the same shall be repayable shall be subject to the previous sanction of the Director.”.
24. **Amendment of section 58 of Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, in section 58, in sub-section (1), -

(i) after the words “against a market committee” the words “or the Director or the Managing Director or the officer of the State Government” shall be substituted;

(ii) after the words “and in case of”, the words “the Director or the Managing Director or the officer of the State Government or” shall be substituted.

25. **Insertion of new section 58A in Guj.20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, after section 58, the following section shall be inserted, namely:

“58A. (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020, the State Government may, by order published in the **Official Gazette**, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of the said Act, as appears to it to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made under this section after the expiry of two years from the date of commencement of the said Act.

(2) Every order made under this section shall, as soon as may be, after it is made, be laid before the State Legislature.”.

26. **Amendment of section 59 of Guj. 20 of 1964.** -- In the principal Act, in section 59, in sub-section (2), before clause (i), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:

“(ia) the form, manner and fee for application by the owner of warehouse, cold storage or such other structure or place for declaration such place as sub-market yard under section 7A;
(iaa) the value of immovable or movable property exceeding which the market committee cannot acquire or dispose of it without the prior permission of the Director under section 10;

(iab) the manner of electing the representative of licensed commission agent under clause (vi) of sub-section (3) of section 11A;

(iac) the manner of establishing and running e-trading platform for trading in notified agricultural produce under sub-section (2) of section 31S;

(iad) the form, the manner, the fee, the security or bank guarantee for granting or renewing licence to establish e-trading platform on such terms and conditions under sub-section (1) of section 31T;

(iae) the infrastructures and the services and the manner for providing it under sub-section (3) of section 31T;

(iaf) the manner of payment to the seller of notified agricultural produce traded on e-platform under sub-section (1) of section 31X;

(iag) the time, manner and forms in which the licensee or the market committee shall maintain accounts and submit it to the Managing Director or the authorised officer under sub-section (2) of section 31X;

(iah) the disqualifications that may be incurred by the holder of the licence that may be reason to suspend or cancel the licence under clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 31Y;

(iai) the limit of quantity up to which the notified agricultural produce could be sold or purchased out of the principal market yards, sub-market yards and market sub-yards private markets yards or at the e-trading platforms under clause (i) of sub-section (2) of section 31ZB;

(iaj) the limit, the value and numbers of livestock in business of purchasing and selling of it, under sub-section (3) of section 31ZB;
(iak) the form of agreement to be executed under sub-section (1) of section 31 ZC;

(ial) the manner to allow the holder of unified single trading licence to undertake trade transaction under section 31ZD;

(iam) the market fee and other marketing charges payable by the licensee under section 31ZD;

(ian) the manner of contribution to the Development Fund under section 34M;"
STATEMENT

The Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1963 has been amended from time to time in the State of Gujarat with a view to keeping in mind the central idea of the welfare of farmers as well as traders. Modern trading and marketing practices have been changed a lot with the great advantages by way of electronic virtual market and a big improvement in logistic and infrastructural facilities. The Government of India had constituted a Committee in 2016 to examine and address the entire segment of post-production activities and to recommend a Model Act. The main idea behind this is to create a conductive environment for healing competition, by enabling multiple channels of marketing without letting anyone including Government led APMC to hold sway as a monopoly. With this the farmer-producer will come to be unchained to carry his produce to any market and sell to whoever offers him a better price. The model Act prepared and forwarded to all the State and UT is not just addresses marketing of field crops but also covers livestock, poultry, fisheries etc. The Central Government has recommended to make all the States and UTs to adopt necessary changes to suit the local variations while all the time, ensuring that the spirit of competition is encouraged and the principle of “Farmer first” is kept in mind.

In the State of Gujarat, prior to the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1963, the Bombay Agricultural Produce Markets Act 1939 and the Saurashtra Agricultural Produce Markets Act 1955 were in force. So the State of Gujarat always remains front runner in this sphere of farmer welfare legislation. Gujarat has updated its APMC Act 1963 not less than 11 times by way of amendments so as to keep space with modern requirement of co-operative marketing and for promotion and facilitating the farmers friendly environment.

In view of the suggested model draft Act by the expert committee of the Government of India, some amendments are made in the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets Act 1963. It is also necessary to bring
marketing of livestock such as cow, buffalo, bullock, bull, goat and sheep, etc. and also poultry and fish under the ambit of this Act.

As the Legislative Assembly of the State of Gujarat is not in session, the Gujarat Agricultural Produce Markets (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020 is promulgated to amend the said Act to achieve the aforesaid objects.

Gandhinagar.

ACHARYA DEVVRAT,
Governor of Gujarat.

Dated the 6th May, 2020.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Gujarat,

MANISH BHARDWAJ,
Secretary to Government.

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